

THE WEATHER

Local rains. Tuesday: Wednesday cloudy; warmer.

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WILMINGTON, N. C. TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 2, 1915

THE BEST ADVERTISING.
Beware of over-confidence. Steady business only comes with steady advertising. All advertising is good, but direct advertising is best.

WHOLE NUMBER 13,899.

LONDON PREPARES FOR AIR RAID THAT FAILS TO ARRIVE

City Excited by Report That Zeppelins Are Coming.

SUSPENSE TWO HOURS

Raiders Driven Off, is Later Report From Dover.

NO CHANGE OF FRONTS

German Submarine Attacks on British Merchant Ships Continue to be Chief War Topic in England. Artillery Duels Continue.

London, Feb. 1.—Special orders issued by the police early tonight caused blinds to be whisked down all over London and reports spread that five Zeppelin dirigible balloons, sighted over Dover and presumably making inland, had been fired on by the forts.

Parts of the city of London waited for more than two hours with blinds drawn, but nothing happened. Inquiries elicited from the police that orders to prepare for an air raid had been issued by the war office, but whether because air craft really had been sighted or as a rehearsal it was impossible to ascertain.

One message from Dover reported that the raiders had been driven off, but no definite word forthcoming.

This flurry broke the monotony of news from battle fronts, where none of the armies either in the east or the west, has delivered a blow sufficient to cause any shift in their alignment.

German submarine attacks on British merchant ships continue the paramount topic of discussion and predictions are made that food prices, already soaring, will go still higher if more raids are accomplished. West coast shipping is said to be somewhat upset, the Dublin steam packet company announced tonight temporary abandonment of all sailings for Belfast, Liverpool and Glasgow. One other Dublin company also has suspended sailings, but other schedules are being maintained.

The chief source Great Britain finds in the German submarine attacks is that the craft thus used cannot take part in regular naval operations.

Out of the confused fighting in the Carpathians, which continues to dominate the military situation, comes nothing in the way of the decisive defeat, and perhaps the most significant news from the east is the report from Petrograd that Field Marshal Von Hindenburg is planning another general onslaught on the Russian lines west of Warsaw.

Artillery duels almost exclusively have been the measure of the recent fighting in France, Belgium and the German official statement dismisses the Western theatre with the terse announcement "nothing to report." The French report only one infantry attack, southeast of Ypres, where they stopped a German attempt to advance.

The British parliament will re-assemble tomorrow to consider war-time questions. Although no controversial legislation will be debated, the labor party will press for government action with reference to the increase in the price of food, and enemy restrictions probably again will be thrust out and there is likely to be a further request for more information on the recruiting situation.

London newspapers are pointing out the growing unrest in labor circles and there is a belief in some quarters that this may necessitate action by the government. Fifty thousand miners in West Yorkshire, whose agreement with their employers expires in a fortnight, are demanding wage increases on a threat to strike. The Welsh miners also want increased pay and better working conditions, while the railway men contend that their wages are not in keeping with the increased cost of living.

The first thing to be dealt with by parliament, however, will be finance. The old year will be wound up and the new estimates discussed.

JESUS CARRANZA AND SON EXECUTED

By Santibanez, Former Constitutional General.

HELD AS HOSTAGES

Because Gen. Venustiano Carranza Resigned to Reinstated Santibanez in Command, His Brother and Nephew Are Executed.

Laredo, Texas, Feb. 1.—Gen. Jesus Carranza, his son, Abelardo, and Ignacio Peraldi, member of his staff, were executed by General Santibanez, former Constitutional general, who defected to Zapata, according to a telegram received by the widow of General Carranza from the first chief, at Vera Cruz.

General Venustiano Carranza, in his message to Mrs. Carranza, who is a refugee here, stated that troops would be sent to recover the bodies.

General Jesus Carranza and his staff were taken prisoners by troops commanded by Santibanez, recently, near San Geronimo, on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, and his staff, according to reports, were executed immediately.

Jesus Carranza, his son Abelardo, and Peraldi, a relative, were held prisoners at that time by Santibanez, who had joined forces with Zapata.

The father, mother, wife and other members of General Carranza's family were recently reported captured in the state of Jalisco, and pending disposition of Jesus Carranza.

Why Executed.

It is stated that Jesus Carranza, brother of the "First Chief," was executed because of the refusal of General Venustiano Carranza to restore Santibanez to his command as general in the Carranza army. At the time of his capture, a demand, with a threat that he would be executed unless it was complied with, was conveyed to General Carranza. The latter replied that his brother was willing to die for the cause of Mexico, and that he would accept this alternative rather than condemn Santibanez's act.

The order went forth from Vera Cruz immediately, however, for troops to be rushed into Tehuantepec to rescue the captured general and his staff. Apparently, they arrived too late.

Santibanez, formerly a general in the Federal army, later joined the Carranza forces, finally leaving them and attacking himself.

ACTIVITY IN WESTERN THEATRE

Developments of Three Days Reported by the French Officials.

Paris, Feb. 1.—The French war office this afternoon gave out an official report on the progress of the war, which reads as follows:

"The day of January 31st, by artillery fighting, which was particularly spirited in all the northern region.

"To the southeast of Ypres the Germans endeavored to attack our front lines to the north of the canal, but this movement was immediately checked by the combined fire of our artillery and infantry.

"Along the entire Aisne front from the junction of this river with the Oise, as far as Berry-au-Bac, our batteries were successful at certain points in demolishing trenches in course of construction as well as in silencing several machine guns, as well as certain artillery detachments of the enemy.

"In Champagne to the northeast of Meuilly-Les-Hurlus, we perfected our organization in a little forest which we took possession of the day before yesterday.

"January 31 was relatively calm in the Argonne, where the Germans seem to have suffered heavily in the recent fighting.

"There is nothing of interest to report from the front in the Vosges.

"The official communication issued to (Continued on Page Eight.)

MORGAN DENIES THAT HIS HOUSE DOMINATES HALF THE AMERICAN RAILROADS

His First Public Appearance as Spokesman for the Morgan Company is Before Commission on Industrial Relations. Confesses Lack of Knowledge of Labor Conditions in His Corporations—Mitchell Testifies.

New York, Feb. 1.—J. P. Morgan, testifying today at the Federal Commission on Industrial Relations inquiry into the cause of industrial unrest, denied that his banking firm dominated half of the railroads in the United States. The denial was called forth by a statement attributed to Samuel Untermyer, when a witness before the commission, that two banking firms virtually controlled all the railroads.

"We certainly do not control half of the roads," Mr. Morgan asserted. He added with a laugh, "I don't know anything about Kuhn, Loeb & Company's business, but Mr. Untermyer was certainly wrong."

It was Mr. Morgan's first public appearance as spokesman for the vast financial interests of the Morgan company. When he arrived John Mitchell, former president of the United Mine Workers of America, and now a member of the New York State Workmen's Compensation Commission, was on the stand. Mr. Morgan had to wait more than a half hour before the commission finished with Mr. Mitchell, who testified regarding Colorado and Pennsylvania mining conditions and characterized as "simply absurd" the Rockefeller plan of settling labor troubles in Colorado.

Mr. Morgan confessed a lack of knowledge of labor conditions in corporations of which he is a director. Some questions put to him appeared to amuse him. Several times he laughed before answering. Into other replies he sandwiched chuckles.

Officers of corporations, as executive officials, are responsible for labor conditions among employees, Mr. Morgan declared. He is for the "open shop" and considers that in labor disputes the employer "should play the part of any decent man." Philanthropic foundations have done considerable good, he believes. Commissioner Weinstein asked Mr. Morgan for suggestions as to legislation that Congress might be requested to enact to better relations between employers and employees.

"That's too big for me," Mr. Morgan replied. "The idea is an admirable

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COTTON FARMERS URGED TO CURTAIL

Senate Follows House in the Adoption of Resolution.

FARMERS' UNION BILL

Introduced in Both Houses to Provide for Division of Rural Credits—Another Workmen's Compensation Bill—Day in Detail.

Washington, Feb. 1.—In reply to Gaudin's protest against the building of hydro-aeroplanes by American manufacturers for Russia and England, Secretary Bryan has informed the German ambassador that the State Department does not concur in the contention that such craft are vessels of war "whose delivery to belligerent states by neutrals should be stopped."

The correspondence on the subject was made public today by Mr. Bryan.

On January 19 Count von Bernstorff wrote the Secretary of State, saying hydro-aeroplanes were being sold to the Allies, detailing the companies by which the parts were rebuilt and added.

"There is no doubt that hydro-aeroplanes must be regarded as vessels whose delivery to belligerent states by neutrals should be stopped under article VIII of the 12th convention of the second Hague conference of October 19, 1907. Hydro-aeroplanes are not mentioned by name in the convention simply because there was none in 1907, at the time of the conference.

"On the supposition that hydro-aeroplanes are delivered to belligerents against the wishes of the government of the United States I have the honor to bring the foregoing to your excellency's kind knowledge."

Secretary Bryan replied under date of January 29 as follows:

"I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your excellency's note of the 19th instant, and in reply have the honor to inform you that the statements contained in your excellency's note have been received by careful consideration in view of the earnest purpose of this government to perform every duty which is imposed upon it as neutral by treaty stipulation and international law.

"The essential statement in your note, which implies an obligation on the part of the government to interfere in the sale and delivery of hydro-aeroplanes to belligerent powers is: 'There is no doubt that hydro-aeroplanes must be regarded as vessels whose delivery to belligerent states by neutrals should be stopped under article VIII of the 12th convention of the second Hague conference of October 19, 1907.'"

The latest resolution from the House passed the Senate extending greetings to Virginia, Tennessee, Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, California and Arizona on the completion of the National Highway from the Carolina coast across the continent and urging that the Federal authorities aid in every way possible in the adequate maintenance of the highway.

JUDGE RUFFIN STATUE PRESENTED TO STATE

Accepted by Governor Craig in Address Last Night.

Presented Also by Chief Justice Clark—Presented in Name of Bar Association by President J. Crawford Biggs.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 1.—Governor Craig tonight accepted the bronze statue of Chief Justice Thomas Ruffin, of the North Carolina Supreme Court, presented to the State by the North Carolina Bar Association. The exercises being in Representatives' Hall with Judge H. G. Connor, of the United States Court, presiding and the unveiling ceremony at the administration building where the statue has been set up.

In paying tribute to the career of Thomas Ruffin, Governor Craig declared that "in the plastic years of our history he gave form and order to our jurisprudence. He interpreted statutes and constitution with the wisdom of the sages and delivered judgments that are enduring precedents of righteousness. He was a distinct product of North Carolina, but his influence is beyond the limits of the State and Nation, recognized everywhere as one of the greatest judges that our race has produced."

The address on the career and personality of Ruffin was by Chief Justice Walter Clark and was a masterly portrayal of the man and his characteristics. President J. Crawford Biggs, of the North Carolina Bar Association, presented the statue and it was unveiled by two little grandsons of Thomas Ruffin, Peter Brown Ruffin, son of the late Allen Ruffin, and Thomas Ruffin, son of Mr. W. C. Ruffin, of Mecklenburg. There were quite a number of the descendants and relatives of the distinguished jurist here for the ceremonies.

GERMANS DENY REPORT

That Kolberg Was Lost in Recent North Sea Fight.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The German embassy today received high official denial from the German admiralty that the cruiser Kolberg had been sunk in the North Sea fight.

"In the battle in the North Sea January 24, the English lost was one battle cruiser and three torpedo boat destroyers. The German loss was only the cruiser Blücher. The report concerning the Kolberg is false."

BRYAN REPLIES TO GERMAN PROTEST AGAINST SHIPPING AEROPLANES TO THE ALLIES

State Department Does Not Concur in Contention That Such Craft Are Vessels of War, "Whose Delivery to Belligerent States by Neutrals Should be Stopped"—Correspondence With German Ambassador Aired.

Washington, Feb. 1.—In reply to Gaudin's protest against the building of hydro-aeroplanes by American manufacturers for Russia and England, Secretary Bryan has informed the German ambassador that the State Department does not concur in the contention that such craft are vessels of war "whose delivery to belligerent states by neutrals should be stopped."

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NO PROTEST FILED AGAINST SHIP BILL

Statements by Mann and the Other Republicans Denied

BY SECRETARY BRYAN

Declares No Nation Has Protested Against the Ship Purchase Bill and Probably Will Not—Cross Fire in House.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Insistent statements today by Representative Mann and other Republicans in the House that the State Department has received a note from Great Britain regarding the pending ship purchase bill brought forth denials from both Majority Leader Underwood and Secretary Bryan. The note was alleged to have been from Sir Edward Grey declaring the proposed purchase of German or Austrian ships an unneutral act.

During the day Secretary Bryan made this formal statement:

"No nation has protested against the passage of the shipping bill and it is not likely that any nation will or would since the bill does not necessarily raise any diplomatic questions.

"It is not proper for the State Department at this time to discuss the manner in which the authority conferred by the bill will or should be exercised. We assume that the authority conferred upon the President and those who will be associated with him in the matter will be exercised properly and with a due regard to the nation's welfare."

When Representative Underwood denied the existence of a note, Representative Mann said he had no doubt of the majority leader's sincerity, but was afraid the standpoint had not been entirely frank with him.

"Information has come to me," said Mr. Mann, "in a way which I think it reliable that the State Department not only has had communication on the subject but that department has had a letter on the subject from an official of the British government."

Mr. Underwood repeated his denial when Mr. Mann suggested that the representations might have been made, though "not in writing."

"It might have been a thousand things," replied the Democratic leader. "The bill pending in the Senate has not one line in it that compels the purchase of a German ship or interfered with the sale of the Allies. It leaves it discretionary with the board to be appointed."

Representative Lenroot, of Wisconsin, suggested that Mr. Underwood (Continued on Page Two.)

NINE DEMOCRATS JOIN IN ALLIANCE WITH REPUBLICANS

In Unexpected Attempt to Re-commit Ship Purchase Bill.

SENATE IS ADJOURNED

Administration Advantage is Turned Into Defensive.

SENATOR REED TALKS

Bitterly Assails Democrats For Denying the Majority—Surprise Spring by Clarke of Arkansas—Will Caucus Today.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Nine Democrats in the Senate today joined an alliance with the Republicans in an unexpected attempt to recommit the government ship purchase bill. The sudden revolt turned in a twinkling an administration advantage into a defensive, which tonight appeared almost hopeless to many Democratic leaders.

Forced to fight for the very life of the proposed measure, the Democrats succeeded in adjourning the Senate with the motion pending to send the bill back to committee. A party caucus immediately was called for tomorrow morning.

Senator Clarke, of Arkansas, sprung the surprise when he rose while Senator William Alden Smith, of Michigan, was concluding a long speech against the bill and asked him to yield for a motion. The senator yielded and Senator Clarke, introducing his remarks with an appeal for consideration of other legislation, moved to send back the ship bill.

The legislative pandemonium that followed had not been witnessed in the Senate in many years. Senators poured from the clock tower to the chamber. The speaker from the Republican stock room was even more immediate, as they had been forewarned.

"As soon as administration leaders could catch their breath," Senator Fletcher, in charge of the bill, made a point of order against the motion, which Vice President Marshall sustained. Senator Stone then moved the chair and the chair was overruled and Senator Clarke's appeal sustained. Nine Democrats voted with the Republicans. The motion to recommit was pending when the Senate adjourned until noon tomorrow.

The nine Democrats who voted against the ruling of the chair were Bankhead, of Alabama; Camden, Kentucky; Clarke, of Arkansas; Burdick, of North Dakota; Clegg, of Ohio; George, of Florida; Hitchcock, Nebraska; O'Gorman, New York; Smith, Georgia; Vardaman, Mississippi. Soon after the adjournment, Senator Stone was recognized. The chamber was in confusion as the Missourian, who has stood by the bill through the bill, moved the chair. The chamber was in confusion as the Missourian, who has stood by the bill through the bill, moved the chair.

"In order that Democrats may have a conference and that the Republicans and their allies may hold a conference, I move that the Senate do now adjourn."

The motion was immediately put and there was a loud chorus of "noes."

On a roll call the motion to adjourn was lost by a vote of 49 to 36.

Senator Reed, of Missouri, was recognized and began arraigning his colleagues, who had revolted, and Republicans who had opposed the bill as supporters of the shipping trust, which had sought to plunder the shippers of America. For nearly an hour, Senator Reed, who persistently throughout the administration had been opposed to its purpose, defended the bill.

"I congratulate the hoary old Ship Trust monopoly," he said, "on the fact that it appears still to possess in this day and age enough vigor to invade the Democratic caucus room conference to determine on a course of action. They counted noses, figuring on absences, and could not see a way out of the difficulty. Some sought conferences with Progressive Republicans. Senator Norris, who had offered amendments several days before which would strengthen the permanency of the proposed government enterprise told senators who offered to accept his amendments that they came a few hours too late."

Will Consider Amendments.

Amendments will be considered in the Democratic caucus tomorrow. The caucus also will endeavor to find a way to get the Republican-Progressive support without recommitting the bill. If this fails and the bill is recommitment (Continued on Page Two.)

WILHELMINA NOT TO REACH GERMANY

Belgian Relief Commission Would Purchase Cargo.

NO REPLY TO OFFER

Both Foodship and the Cotton Ship Dacia, Which Has Sailed, Expected to Be Seized by British Government.

London, Feb. 1.—The Commission for Relief in Belgium has received no reply to its offer to purchase the food stuffs cargo of the American steamship Wilhelmina, diverting her from Hamburg and avoiding an international incident which is believed here to be inevitable if the vessel tries to reach Germany.

Announcement from Washington that Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, would guarantee that the cargo would be used only for civilians in Germany has not influenced the British government. Foreign office officials say they are unable to understand what valid guarantee Ambassador Bernstorff could give in view of the German decree placing all foodstuffs in Germany under government control.

If not purchased by the relief commission, the Wilhelmina doubtless will be conducted to an English port where her cargo, officials say, will be taken over and paid for by the government.

Announcement that the former German steamship Dacia had sailed from Calcutta with coal for Germany raised much comment here. It generally had been believed the Dacia incident was closed. If the Dacia actually tries to reach Rotterdam she unquestionably will be seized by British warships on an English port and her cargo re-loaded on a waiting vessel. It then will be sent promptly to Rotterdam at the expense of the British government, thus preventing loss to her owners.

It is the general impression here that the Dacia is certain to go into a prize court to test the validity of her transfer to American registry.

NINE DEMOCRATS JOIN IN ALLIANCE WITH REPUBLICANS

Continued From Page One

ted, many of its most sanguine supporters insist that the measure is dead for this session. Senator Fletcher, when Senator Reed has concluded, moved adjournment, which was voted.

Democratic leaders tonight were canvassing the situation. Absent Democratic senators who may return tomorrow are Smith, of South Carolina, and Lea, of Tennessee. Republicans absent, however, who are expected to return are Penrose and Goff. Senator Williams said tonight that the most optimistic prognostication on a probable line-up of the vote is that it will split the bill the Democrats one vote short.

The reviving Democrats, it was asserted tonight, would demand that the ship bill be dropped and that attention be turned to appropriation measures and other important legislation.

Despite the feeling of some of his colleagues, Majority Leader Keweenaw tonight would not admit defeat, and in announcing the call for the caucus he declared, "we will pass the bill yet." In his speech denouncing the shipping interests, Senator Reed declared agents of these interests were not so much anxious about preserving the peace of the United States as they were for their ability to continue to charge shippers four or five prices for hauling American goods.

"Gentlemen from states where the shipping trust is strong are practically all opposed to this bill," he said. "As I look over the list of senators who still are here who were members of the Senate when the shipping trust undertook to put its hands in the American pocket for the extraction of a ship subsidy, I find nearly all of them were in favor of a subsidy and cheek by jowl with the shipping trust in its attempted raid of the United States Treasury, and I also find them now in gleeful mood because on the last two or three roll calls the vote has indicated sufficient Democratic defection possibly to accomplish defeat of this bill."

"Every man here today must answer for his vote. Every man will answer for his vote on this bill, as he must on every bill. But there should be no possible misunderstanding with the people of this country as to the exact situation presented here."

The "shipping trust," the Missouri senator continued, at the very moment war was declared, entered on a system of plunder, extorting enormous sums from American citizens endeavoring to escape from war scenes to their native shores.

Of the President's determination to give relief from extortionate freight rates," the Senator said.

"He said the cotton in the wharves and grain in the warehouses awaiting shipment with ship owners demanding a toll nothing short of robbery. He said, while some of us were talking of a larger navy, we had no ships to carry coal or otherwise act as auxiliaries. He suggested this measure and in every action except this where there was a conference or caucus he received the unanimous support of his party."

"But the shipping trust got busy. I wonder if we are to duplicate the record of the Spanish-American war when the shipping trust sold the government vessels and then again brought them back at such outrageous prices that I wondered that the catfish stomach of the senator from Utah did not rebel at that."

"If this present bill is killed," continued Senator Reed, "the shipping trust will continue to hold the country in its grip—to take all in its conscience, and its conscience would permit it to rob the grave."

"I congratulate my old friend, the shipping trust, there will be many a bottle of champagne broken tonight if the Democratic party is broken—if the trust is strong enough to make men turn their backs on their party, to cement the insurgent and standpatter."

WILSON STILL CONFIDENT.

"We Can Beat Them and We Will Beat Them," Says Williams.

Washington, Feb. 1.—President Wilson at 11 feels confident the ship purchase bill will be passed despite today's unexpected turn when nine Sen-

ate Democrats lined up with the Republicans in an effort to send the bill back to the committee. He conferred at length today with Secretary Bryan and Senator John Sharp Williams and later it was indicated at the White House there would be no let-up in the fight.

"We can beat them, and we will beat them," said Senator Williams on leaving the White House. "Opponents of this bill know as well as I do that the President will not buy war in carrying out the provisions of the measure. Men who voted against the bill will have to answer to their constituents."

It was understood that, while the President does not favor vital changes, there will be no objection to minor alterations.

MORGAN DENIES HE CONTROLS HALF R. R.'S.

(Continued From Page One.)

to how many hours a man should work a day. Nor had he any idea, he said, as to age at which children should go to work.

"The later the better, I should imagine," he said.

"Asked if he thought \$10 a week a sufficient average wage for longshoremen, he replied:

"If that is what is paid, and the longshoremen, take it, I guess it is enough," he said.

Mr. Morgan said he did not know in the case of the corporations he was interested in the men were organized.

"What is your attitude toward organized labor," asked Mr. Smith.

The witness said it made no difference to him whether the men were organized or not.

Industrial discontent, the witness supposed, was on the decrease "as conditions are being constantly improved." He cited as an example the United States Steel Corporation, which, he said, had done much for its men.

Mr. Morgan said the extent of poverty and suffering had not been brought to his attention, and he had no opinion regarding the cause of poverty. As to charitable acts, the witness said, "I have helped where I can, as most people do."

The philanthropic foundations have been beneficial socially, in the opinion of the witness. He cited the libraries established by Carnegie and the medical research work made possible by Rockefeller.

John Mitchell, discussing the Rockefeller plan, of settling labor troubles in Colorado, said:

"No good can come out of such a plan. The unorganized men can be depended upon to select to represent them only men the bosses want. They may not be directly influenced to do this, but there will be an indirect influence which they cannot resist."

"We have done through such a thing before. As a slogan we might as well starve idle as starve working; will naturally be raised as it was during 1900 in the anthracite fields."

Mr. Mitchell said it was the plan of collective bargaining suggested by the Rockefeller interests by W. L. McKensie King, former commissioner of labor of Canada, who was recently employed by the Rockefeller foundation to conduct an investigation into industrial relations.

Mr. Mitchell said that where men are unorganized the death rate is higher and the wage lower.

"For instance," he said, "the death rate in Colorado and West Virginia is about 6 per 1,000. In other localities where the men are unorganized they are inclined to take risks that organized men will not take."

Mitchell testified he believed certain improvements had resulted toward the betterment of the condition of workers. As an example he pointed to the United States Steel Corporation.

"On the other hand," Mr. Mitchell continued, "the great combinations have done much harm to the working men. For instance, many of the big corporations resist to treat with organized labor. This is a great mistake."

Mr. Mitchell said it was the denial of "industrial association" than caused industrial revolutions in Patterson, West Virginia, Lawrence, Mass., and other places. There can be no industrial peace, he said, until all working people have the right to bargain for the sale of their labor.

Amos Pinchot testified.

Amos Pinchot was the first witness today. He was permitted to finish the reading of testimony he had concluded while on the stand Saturday, but he had been placed in the record. In this he had accused the Associated Press of partiality to the capitalistic side of labor controversies in the handling of news.

"I do not believe," said Mr. Pinchot, "after finishing the statement, 'that the Associated Press will carry on its wires dispatches concerning my testimony here about it. There is a by-law in the Associated Press which provides that any member printing news derogatory to the Associated Press will be disciplined and is subject to losing its franchise.'"

Commissioner Walsh asked the witness if he knew of any instance of a member of the Associated Press being disciplined for the violation of the alleged by-law. Mr. Pinchot replied that Mr. McCormick, editor of the Chicago Tribune, had been so disciplined some years ago. The commissioner then asked the witness if he knew of any public record of such a by-law. To this Mr. Pinchot replied that last year Clarence Sherman, in filing a complaint against the Associated Press in behalf of the New York Sun had included the alleged by-law in the papers.

The witness said that he himself had a copy of the by-law. After being asked by the commissioner to produce it, he was excused without further questioning.

How To Safely Peel Your Face

If you wear an aged, discolored or weather-beaten complexion, the most sensible thing to do is to remove it—rather than patch it over or "doctor" it with cosmetics. The only way to really remove the complexion—aside from resorting to an expensive and painful surgical operation—is by means of ordinary mercurized wax. Spread the wax over the face at night, as you would cold cream; wash it off in the morning. This gradually peels off the lifeless and half-dead outer skin, in minute particles—gradually the fresh young skin beneath beams forth. Then you have a clear, velvety, healthy-hued complexion such as no unnatural method can possibly produce. Chaps, freckles, blotches, pimples—all surface defects due to weather, ill-health or the ravages of time, of course, disappear with the discarded skin. Ask the druggist for an ounce of mercurized wax; you won't need more.

If you wear wrinkles or crowfeet, the best thing to do is to bathe your face in a harmless lotion made by dissolving an ounce of powdered ascorbic acid in a half pint of water. Nothing else will so surely erase the unwelcome lines.

NO PROTEST FILED AGAINST SHIP BILL

(Continued From Page One.)

make another inquiry of the department when Representative Cullip informed the House of the formal decision issued by Mr. Bryan. Representative Garner, of Texas, asked Mr. Underwood whether the British ambassador, in discussing the subject, did so on instruction from his government.

Mr. Underwood said he did not think it necessary to answer further questions.

In a conference with newspaper men late today Secretary Bryan was asked numerous questions about the alleged note. He was asked if he had discussed the subjects involved in the shipping bill "with any representative of any foreign government."

"I am not willing," replied the Secretary, "to discuss with any foreign government the manner in which the power, if conferred, will be exercised."

The Secretary was asked if any foreign government had presented their views regarding the transfers of ships. He said he did not care to discuss questions that were not connected with this particular proposition, and intimated that published reports had discussed notes received with an application to the pending bill.

"While you were away," the Secretary was told, "the statement was made that the British ambassador had said to you that the British government would look upon the transfer of any vessels now interned in American ports—German and Austrian vessels—as an unneutral act."

"Go to the person who gave you that statement and let him confirm it," said Mr. Bryan.

At the British embassy Sir Cecil Spring-Rice refused to see newspaper men or discuss the published reports.

TO TRAIN AT MARLIN, TEX.

New York National Recruits Ordered to Report by 25th.

New York, Feb. 1.—All the young players of the National League have been ordered to report for Spring training practice at Marlin, Texas, February 25th, it was announced today. The regulars will start from here February 25. John McGraw will be in charge of the team. He is going back from Cuba in time. Emilio Palmero, the young Cuban left-handed pitcher, has signed a contract for a year with the Giants, it was stated.

RUB-MY-TISM

Will cure your Rheumatism Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Burns, Old Sores, Stings of Insects Etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used internally and externally. Price 25c.

J. B. McCABE

Certified Public Accountant

Room 515 Burch. Nat. Bank Bldg. Phone 906 WILMINGTON, N. C.

make biscuits in two minutes!

The hardest work of baking hot bread is the time it takes to season and leaven.

Valier's Romance Flour

Self-Rising

requires no seasoning or leavening—with it you can make biscuits in two minutes. And such good biscuits

for Romance is the finest product of the finest wheat; and

Made in a mill where the only consideration is quality.

The Corbett Company

Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington

MOORE'S PURE HOUSE COLORS

Represent The Highest Development Arrived at In Modern Paint Making

To The Consumer.

Their use means greater economy of labor and material, better protective value, and higher class results throughout than can be obtained with any other paint.

For sale by

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10-12 SOUTH FRONT ST.

START THE NEW YEAR RIGHT

Let the Cape Fear Machine Works fix that Engine, Boiler, Stack, and All That Machinery that Might Run Better.

Wire, Write or 'Phone Us.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

—FOOT OF CHURCH ST.—

New Orleans, Feb. 1.—The British steamship Wabana cleared for Rotterdam today from here with a cargo of foodstuffs to be distributed among destitute Belgians. The vessel was one of several chartered by the Rockefeller Foundation and was assigned to transport food from the people of Louisiana. The cargo is valued at more than \$400,000.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Under an agreement reached tonight the Canadian government will settle claims growing out of the recent shooting of two American duck hunters by Canadian Chittishmen by paying \$10,000 to the parents of Walter Smith who was killed and \$5,000 to Charles Dorach, who was wounded in addition to paying all legal expenses.

Washington, Feb. 1.—A cablegram to the Navy Department today from Captain Oman commanding the cruiser North Carolina, in Mediterranean waters said that foreigners and their property in Syria were safe. Alarming reports concerning conditions at Beirut the captain said were "out of foundation and had produced a wrong impression."

The candy to give the children—because it is whole some.

Huyler's

Huyler's Cocoa, like Huyler's Candy, is Supreme

Our Sales Agents in Wilmington are

Warren Candy Co.

Jno. W. Plummer, Jr.

SOMETHING FOR YOU

Our clearance sale is our way of doing something special for our customers.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes are Always So Good That Lower Prices on Them Makes Them Extra Value.

We do ourselves good at the same time; get our fall and winter goods out of the way of spring.

Regular Price.

\$35.00

\$27.50

\$25.00

\$23.50

\$22.50

\$21.00

\$20.00

\$18.00

\$17.00

\$15.00

Clearance Price.

\$28.50

\$23.50

\$21.50

\$19.75

\$18.75

\$17.50

\$16.50

\$14.50

\$13.50

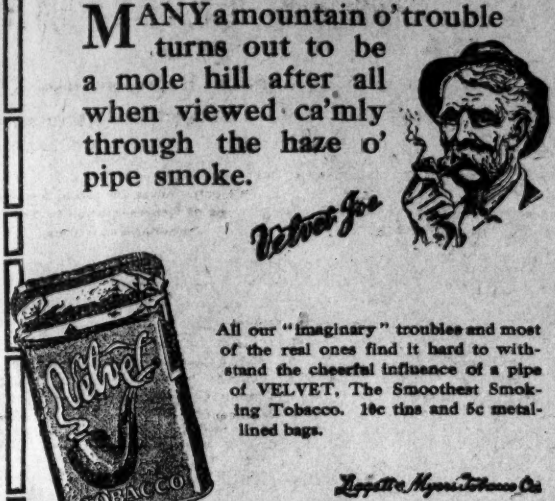
\$11.50

Watch our show windows for special values on Underwear, Sweaters, Bathrobes and Flannel Shirts.

The A. David Company

Custom Tailors, Clothiers and Haberdashers

MANY a mountain o' trouble turns out to be a mole hill after all when viewed calmly through the haze o' pipe smoke.



All our "imaginary" troubles and most of the real ones find it hard to withstand the cheerful influence of a pipe of VELVET, The Smoothest Smoking Tobacco. 10c tin and 5c metal-lined bags.

Velvet for

Joseph H. Myers Tobacco Co.

SOMETHING FOR YOU

Our clearance sale is our way of doing something special for our customers.

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\$14.50

\$13.50

\$11.50

Watch our show windows for special values on Underwear, Sweaters, Bathrobes and Flannel Shirts.

The A. David Company

Custom Tailors, Clothiers and Haberdashers

50 sacks Seed Rye.
15 sacks Seed Wheat.
500 rolls Bagging.
700 bundles Cotton Ties.
2000 bbls. Flour in sacks and in barrels and half-barrels, wood.
200 bags Coffee.
300 bbls. Molasses.
3000 kegs Nails, both wire and cuts.
Also all kinds of Canned Goods, Cakes and Crackers, and last, but not least—Western Gun Shells of all sizes.

D. L. Gore Co.

Wilmington, North Carolina

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE OF LANDS.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by Wilmington Door and Lumber Company to C. N. Evans, President, Trustee, dated March 15th, 1912, and recorded in Book 63, page 107, in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, default having been made in the payment of the debt thereby secured, the undersigned will, on Monday, the 15th day of February, 1915, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the court house door, in New Hanover County, expose to sale for cash, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described tracts or parcels of land:

First Tract.

Beginning at a point in the western line of Front street 132 feet north of the northern line of Ann street, and running thence northwardly along said western line of Front street 66 feet; thence westwardly and parallel with Ann street to the channel or deep water said channel or deep water of the Cape Fear River southwardly and parallel with Front street 66 feet to the northern line of Lot No. 5, in Block 135, of said city; thence eastwardly and parallel with Ann street to the western line of Front street, the point of beginning; The same being that tract or parcel of land conveyed by one A. M. Prince to Brunswick Wood and Coal Company by deed bearing date January the 15th, 1911, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for New Hanover County, and conveyed by Brunswick Wood and Coal Company to Wilmington Door and Lumber Company, by deed of conveyance, as the Public Records of New Hanover County.

Second Tract.

Beginning at a point in the northern line of Main street, 135 feet East of the eastern line of Fourth street, and running thence along said line of Meares street 33 feet in an easterly direction, thence North and parallel with Fifth street 37 feet to the northern line of Meares street, the point of beginning; (Francis Morris) line; thence along said line in a westwardly direction 32 feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Fifth street 37 feet to the northern line of Meares street, the point of beginning. The same being part of Lots 6 and 6, in Block 20, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

Third Tract.

All that certain piece or parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Cape Fear Township, on the East side, in the County of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a cypress, on the West side of Cat Fish Creek, a small distance above an old field; thence down the lower line or a tract formerly owned by Samuel Ashe, west 250 poles to a cypress on said Cat Fish Creek, near its head; thence same course 103 poles to the North West River; thence down the River so as to measure in a due South line 85 poles; thence East 30 poles to due East 234 poles to Cat Fish Creek; thence up said Creek 35 poles; thence due East 75 poles to a stake on the Sand Hill; thence North 12 degrees West 42 poles; thence West 30 poles to Cat Fish Creek, opposite the Fish Station, containing by estimation 327 1/2 acres, of which twenty-five acres is high land.

On tract situate in said County of New Hanover, on the South side of Cat Fish Creek, in the upper part of the bend, beginning at a cypress on the Creek between the line of the land which formerly belonged to John Hunter Ashe and Thos. C. Reston; thence with their line East 84 poles to the corner of said Ashe's line, or rather his old center ditch; thence with said Center Ditch North 2 poles; thence East 34 poles to the corner by the side of the Creek; thence West to the Creek, and thence up the Creek to the beginning, containing 8 1/2 acres.

One tract situate in said County of New Hanover, on said North West River, and Cat Fish Creek, beginning on the River, on the lower corner of the tract on said Creek first above described, thence East 12 poles; thence South 129 poles to the River; thence up the River to the beginning, containing 46 acres of Tide Swamp.

Also eight acres of Sand Hill situate in said County of New Hanover, on Cat Fish Creek, beginning on the Creek at what was formerly known as the Reston lower corner; thence down the creek 20 poles; thence East and back adjoining the western line for its full extent. The last mentioned four tracts of land, described under "Third Tract" herein, being the same lands conveyed by E. P. H. Strunk and wife to Brunswick Wood & Lumber Company, by deed of conveyance, as the Public Records of New Hanover County will show.

Dated and posted this 13th day of January, 1915.

C. N. EVANS, President, Trustee.

By Atlantic Trust and Banking Company, Assignee.

ROBERT RUARK, Attorney.

3113-1914

Why Put Off and Wait Think of It!

20% OFF

ON ALL WINTER SUITS AND OVERCOATS FOR MEN AND CHILDREN

A S

APPLICANTS FOR LAW LICENSE NUMBER 64

Major Bernard Protests Against Prohibition Bill

Says Its Enactment Will Prove Disastrous to Democratic Party—Supreme Court Convenes—News Gleanings.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 1.—When the North Carolina Supreme Court convened this morning for the spring term, there were 64 law students in line to undertake the examinations for licenses. One of them was a lady and there were two negroes in the number. The examinations were conducted by Chief Justice Walter Clark and were held in the Supreme Court room, requiring the whole day. One of the usual preliminaries was the presentation of the prizes he awards each session to the law student in each of the law schools of the State making the highest scholastic record in his class. This time the award for the University of North Carolina went to B. C. Trotter, of Reidsville, and the award for Wake Forest College to J. C. Smith, of High Point. The books awarded were copies of "Judicial Veto," by Prof. Horace A. Davis.

The court will take up the hearing of arguments, Tuesday, the first district cases being scheduled for this week.

Regulations Honored.
Governor Craig honored a requisition today from the Governor of Virginia for Lafayette Graybeard, who is wanted in Virginia for murder and is under arrest in Ashe county.

There was also a requisition from the Governor of North Carolina for Will Henderson, who is being held in Gastonia for the South Carolina authorities on the charge of robbery, and grand larceny in Spartanburg county, S. C. This requisition was also honored.

A charter was issued today for the Broad Amusement Company, of Broad, capital \$25,000 authorized and \$5,000 subscribed by Frank D. Clement and others for moving picture and other amusement purposes. There was an amendment for the charter of the Blackhawk Hardware Company, of Wadesboro, changing the name to the Blackhawk Hardware Company.

Major Bernard Makes Protest.
Senator W. B. Cooper, of Wilmington, has received from Major William H. Bernard, the dean of North Carolina editorial writers, a lively protest against the passage of the Anti-Saloon League's bill. The major declares that the law, if enacted, will be a disaster to the Democratic party.

But few individuals have had the nerve to oppose the law if feeling is to be reflected by the reticence of writers. Major Bernard writes his senator thus:

"I have just read the bill prepared by the Anti-Saloon League, and while I shall not enter into a discussion of its tyrannical provisions, I will say that its enactment into law means disaster to the Democratic party in North Carolina."

"If the people are given a fair whack at it before the next campaign, they will show by an overwhelming majority that they do not favor a law that would make it a crime for a citizen of North Carolina to take a drink of whiskey or wine."

"But if the bill is passed by the Legislature without a referendum, then the people will elect a Legislature next year that will reflect their will by wiping the R. L. Davis law from the statute books."

"New Hanover will give 1,200 majority against the law, and then who would gather up the remains of Cooper and Stacy—supposing they are numbered with the years when the vote is taken in the Legislature?"

"Wouldn't it be fine for the North Carolina delegation in Congress to consist of seven Democrats and three Republicans?"

"I am not opposing this drastic proposition as a prohibition measure per se, but I am opposing it because I am a Democrat of the straightest sect—one who never 'scratched' a party ticket—and because it is fraught with danger to the continuation of Democratic rule in North Carolina."

"If you think proper to do so, you may show this letter to Stacy and our friend Pearson Hewitt."

Very sincerely yours,
WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

While Senator Cooper's mind is at present against the Major, he is thoroughly persuaded that the Major is patriotic and he thinks the letter is worth public notice.

ALBERT PERRY'S BODY FOUND.
In Waters of Trent River at Newbern Missing Since December 20.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Newbern, N. C., Feb. 1.—Missing since December 20th when he left the place at which he was working, No. 22 West street, Albert Perry, formerly of James City, but who a few months previous to his disappearance had worked in Newbern, was found in Trent river near the Norfolk Southern Railway Company's dock yesterday morning, and from all appearances it had been there at least ten days or two weeks. The body, which was badly decomposed, was brought to the surface, presumably, by the wheel propeller of the steamer S. J. Phillips, and was seen by several persons who notified the coroner, who after viewing the corpse decided that an inquest was not necessary and turned it over to an undertaker. Just how Perry met his death is unknown but it is supposed that he was either knocked or fell from Trent river bridge and his body floated down to the point at which it was found.

NINE APPLICATIONS IN.
Judge Lyon Hears Cases of Those Who Would Succeed Major McKethan.

(Special Star Telegram.)
Fayetteville, N. C., Feb. 1.—Judge C. C. Lyon, of the Ninth Judicial district, heard claims of the nine candidates for clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland county to succeed the late Major A. A. McKethan, in the Superior court room here today. After hearing the cases presented, Judge Lyon announced that he would make the appointment by next Wednesday. He left this afternoon for Elizabethtown, whence he will forward the appointment to Chas. G. Rose, temporary incumbent.

Candidates whose applications he took with him are James Marsh, W. M. Walker, W. S. Cook, R. F. Simmons, J. Fletcher Parker, Newton H. Smith, Henry E. Williams, S. E. Lilly, Capt. A. D. McGill.

TRIAL OF TERRE HAUTE OFFICIALS MARCH 8TH

Federal Government Will Exercise Jurisdiction

Since the Election of U. S. Senators and Congressmen Were Involved in Election in Which Fraud Is Charged—Ruling.

Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—Donn M. Roberts, mayor of Terre Haute, and 25 others will be placed on trial in the Federal court here March 8th charged with conspiring to corrupt the election of November 3, 1914. The date was fixed today by Federal Judge Anderson, after he had overruled demurrers filed for the 27th.

Five others of the 115 arrested pleaded not guilty and probably will be tried at the same time. The remaining 83 pleaded guilty, but have not been sentenced.

Judge Anderson sustained the government's theory that the Federal government has jurisdiction over election machinery when members of Congress and the United States Senate are voted for.

Judge Anderson, in his decision, said the theory of the government is that the right to vote for congressmen and the right to act as election officials at such elections are guaranteed by the constitution and laws of the United States while the demurring defendants contend that such right is given exclusively by the state. The court quoted Article 1, Section 2, of the Federal Constitution providing for the election of representatives and the 17th amendment to the United States constitution providing for the election of United States Senators and the act of Congress of June 4th, 1914, providing for a method of the election of the United States senators.

"This 17th amendment the statute of June 4th, 1914," continued the court, "are too recent to have received any judicial interpretation, but as far as the right to vote for members of the House of Representatives is concerned, the Supreme Court of the United States has repeatedly decided that such right is fundamentally based upon, and given and secured by the constitution of the United States."

Trial of 1,000 Voters.
Pikeville, Ky., Feb. 1.—Trial of 1,000 voters charged with bribery alleged to have been committed at the November election was begun here today. More than 2,000 indictments were returned in Eastern Kentucky against persons alleged to have purchased and cast fraudulent votes. Today's trial was a continuation of cases already disposed of.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE SCORES VICTORY IN ARKANSAS.
Senate Adopts Resolution to Submit Question to Popular Vote.

Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 1.—Woman suffrage scored a victory in Arkansas today when the senate, 23 to 12, adopted a resolution placing the question before the voters of the state at the next general election.

Opposition to the measure came chiefly from those who said they feared the addition of new voters to the voting lists. The resolution now goes to the House.

Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 1.—Women gained their first real political victory today when a bill giving them the privilege of being elected and serving as members of county boards of education passed the senate and went to the governor. The bill had previously passed the house. Equal suffrage bills are pending before both houses.

REVENUE FOR JANUARY SHORT.
Neither Customs Nor Internal Receipts as Large as Expected.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Revenue collected by the government in January failed by \$3,116,427 to meet the month's disbursements. Receipts usually are low at this time of the year, but in January, 1914, the excess of disbursements was only \$4,512,262.

Neither customs nor internal revenue brought in the expected returns. Customs receipts were \$15,558,193 compared with \$23,528,059 in January, 1914, and \$14,890,982 in December.

Internal revenue receipts, including returns from the war tax, were \$27,295,135, less by \$5,000,000 than in December, and only about \$2,500,000 more than in January, 1914. The estimate of government revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30 next contemplated internal revenue receipts of \$2,500,000 per month. Officials are hopeful of an increase in the next few months.

The first seven months of the fiscal year show an excess of disbursements over receipts of \$70,855,270, compared with a corresponding excess for the same period last year of \$17,867,609.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Secretary Lane asked the House Appropriations committee today to include \$2,000,000 in the Sundry Civil bill for the Alaska government railway. The limit of expense for construction of the railway is \$35,000,000. Of this \$1,000,000 has been appropriated and most spent in surveys.

Detroit, Feb. 1.—A group of Michigan Central Railroad stockholders petitioned Federal Court here today for a receivership for the Michigan Central Lines. It was alleged business was diverted from the Michigan Central by the New York Central for benefit of other roads controlled by the latter.

Roanoke, Va., Feb. 1.—The steamer Lynetta, carrying Virginia's contribution for Belgium, reached Rotterdam today, according to a dispatch received in Roanoke. The voyage from Norfolk was described as uneventful.

REPUBLICANS ADOPT NEW CONVENTION PLAN

Basis Representation to be Changed, it is Announced

Secretary Reynolds Announces That Majority Votes for Change of Basis of Representation in Next National Convention.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Secretary Jas. B. Reynolds, of the Republican National Committee, today announced that the new plan of representation in the next Republican National Convention proposed by the Republican National Committee, had been approved by states representing 290 electoral votes—some 25 more than necessary under the conditions made by the National Committee—and will be put in effect when the committee meets to arrange for the next National convention.

Secretary Reynolds' statement says: "At a meeting of the committee, held in Washington, in December, 1913, it was decided that the basis of representation should be changed, if Republican State conventions in states representing a majority of the votes in the Electoral College, which would be equivalent to the majority of delegates in the National convention, should authorize the change. At that time the following resolution was passed:

"Confident that the action of this committee, representing, as it does, the practically unanimous sentiment of the Republican voters of the various states, will be ratified and be made effective:

"Be it Resolved, That this committee shall issue the call for delegates to the National convention, to be held in the year 1916, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President, in accordance with the following basis of representation:

"Each state shall be entitled in such convention to four delegates at large."

"Two additional delegates at large for each representative at large in Congress under the apportionment made in accordance with the last census, but in which state no new congressional district has been provided by law."

"One delegate from each Congressional district."

"An additional delegate from each Congressional district in which the vote for any Republican elector in 1908, or for the Republican nominee for Congress in 1914, shall have been not less than seven thousand, five hundred (7,500)."

"Provided, however, That the total number of delegates to which any state is entitled shall be chosen from the state at large if the law of the state at that time the election occurs so prescribes, and:

"Provided, further, That in the case of any state electing all representatives in Congress from the state at large, such state shall be entitled to as many delegates, elected at large, as though the state were divided into separate congressional districts."

The resolution also provides for alternates; delegates from the District of Columbia, Alaska and the insular possessions; and the approval of the new system in such number of states are entitled to cast a majority of the votes in the present electoral college.

Mr. Reynolds' statement further says: "The states that formally ratified this plan, and the electoral votes that they represent, are as follows:

"Arkansas 9; California 13; Colorado 6; Connecticut 7; Idaho 4; Illinois 29; Indiana 15; Maine 6; Massachusetts 18; Michigan 15; Missouri 18; New Jersey 14; New York 45; North Carolina 12; Ohio 24; Oklahoma 10; Rhode Island 6; South Carolina 9; Tennessee 12; Vermont 4; Washington 7; West Virginia 6."

"There were, in addition to these, several states which were in favor of the plan, but which held no state convention during 1914."

ESCAPED CONVICT WANTED.
John A. Cameron, of Hoke County, is at Large—Description Given.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
High Point, N. C., Feb. 1.—H. U. Oakes, of this city, has issued the following notice:

"John A. Cameron, who on August 31st, 1912, shot up the town of Raeford, N. C., and when approached by Chief of Police P. C. Oakes, immediately and without warning shot and killed the officer, has escaped from the State prison at Raleigh, where he was serving a 25-year sentence for murder."

"Cameron, who is a wealthy farmer, is fairly well educated, 43 years old, five feet, ten inches high, weighs 193 pounds, medium build, has brown eyes, hair brown with gray, scar in left hand near thumb. This is a dangerous man and should not be at large."

"Arrest and wire prison authorities at Raleigh, N. C., who offer reward, or H. U. Oakes, High Point, N. C."

STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK.
At Roosevelt Plant of Armour Fertilizer Chemical Company.

Roosevelt, N. J., Feb. 1.—Laborers, who had been on strike for a month at the plant of the Armour Fertilizer Chemical Company, one of three plants involved in the strike in which 19 laborers were shot by deputy sheriffs January 19.

The company agreed to reduce the \$2 a day wage. Reduction to \$1.50 preceded the strike. The working day remained at ten hours. The men had demanded a nine hour day.

GATLING RECOMMENDED FOR RALEIGH POSTMASTERSHIP.
Representative Pou at Last Settles the Fight—Simmons' Choice.

(Special Star Telegram.)
Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Representative Pou settled the Raleigh post-office controversy today by recommending Bart M. Gatling for the place. Gat-



FREE

While the Supply Lasts

A GENUINE

Leather Bill Fold with Clasp

To Each Purchaser of 10c Worth of TUXEDO Tobacco

Made of genuine, fine, soft, close-folding leather, this is the snugger fitting, most convenient bill fold ever tucked into a man's pocket or a lady's shopping bag. This is the famous "Titewad" bill fold, millions of which have been sold all over the country.

Tuxedo

The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

This unusual Free Offer is made solely because we believe TUXEDO will become your permanent smoke after a trial.

Every man can smoke and enjoy TUXEDO because it is unquestionably the mildest, coolest, most delightful tobacco in the world. TUXEDO cannot bite or sting.

The original "Tuxedo Process" of treating the ripest, mellowest leaves of high-grade Kentucky Burley tobacco, prevents tongue bite and develops fragrance and flavor as they have never been developed in any other brand.

TUXEDO is different from other tobaccos—and better. A trial will make this absolutely plain to you.

FREE Take advantage of this Free Offer today and avoid disappointment. Dealers have only a limited supply of these Bill Folds and cannot get more. Look for Free Offer sign on a dealer's window—get 10c worth of Tuxedo and ask for a "Titewad" Bill Fold, FREE.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY



Special Notice to Dealers:

We want every dealer in Wilmington to be supplied with these "Titewad" Bill Folds. All dealers who have not yet secured a supply of these Bill Folds can do so by applying to TUXEDO Headquarters, Wilmington Hotel, Room 422. Phone 927. between 7 and 8 A. M. and 6 and 8 P. M.

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Representative Pou at Last Settles the Fight—Simmons' Choice.

(Special Star Telegram.)
Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Representative Pou settled the Raleigh post-office controversy today by recommending Bart M. Gatling for the place. Gat-

ling was the choice of Senator Simmons and besides had the largest petition of any of the candidates.

Had the friends of Mrs. Chas. B. Aycock brought her name into the fight earlier in the game, she would have been a serious contender. It is true, however, that many people seriously objected to a woman being named for the place.

Representative Godwin has appointed the following rural delivery car-

riers: J. N. Puquay, of Lillington, and James McPhail, of Red Springs.

Representative Pou has recommended Mrs. Ross Egerton to be postmaster at Kenly.

P. R. A.

Atlanta, Feb. 1.—The will of Samuel M. Inman, which disposed of an estate valued at more than \$1,000,000, was filed for probate here today. His widow and three children are the sole beneficiaries.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The Supreme Court today declined to review the decision of the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals in a test case involving more than \$2,500,000 claims for damages against the Louisville & Nashville railroad for alleged forged bills of lading issued by Knight, Yancey & Company. The lower court had held the railroad not liable.

BLACK WHITE TAN



Whether the Shoes be Black, White or Tan—2 in 1 Gives the Shine that Won't Come Off on the Clothes—Brilliant—Lasting. The "Easy-Opening" Box, 10c.

THE F. F. DALLEY CO., LTD., BUFFALO, N. Y., HAMILTON, CAN.

SHOE POLISHES

666

5 or 6 Doses 666 will break any case of Chills and Fever.

COLDS & LA GRIPPE

U. S. Court Sale.
Of the Haar Stock of Dry Goods and Fixtures continues until sold. Court appraisers have reduced prices below wholesale cost. (advertisement)—A. D. McGill.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the
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Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT
PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest
daily newspaper in North Carolina, is
published daily, and mailed to subscrib-
ers outside the county at \$6 per year,
\$3 for six months; \$1.50 for three
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and suburbs at 6c per month, or
when paid in advance, \$7.00 per year.
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months, 25 cents.

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Eastern Carolina and contiguous
territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks,
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THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1915.

If Ireland goes dry, it might create a
larger demand for Scotch whisky.

Yes, Bertha, a round steak served
at one of Columbia's square meals goes
the rounds of the table.

Charlotte's new \$250,000 postoffice,
will be a beauty but Charlotte expects
to outgrow it in about ten years.

With bread riots in Italy while she
is a neutral, what would the condition
be if Italy were to take a hand in the war?

If a man expects to get into the
limelight now, he has to get a place
in the sun else wait till the world's
big noise is over.

The countries at war seem to have
taken to hoarding. They claim that
savings deposits have largely increased
since the war broke out. War is no
time to keep money in an old sock.

Of course, the time has been when
some men would rather fight than to
eat, but it must be remembered that in
those days a man had to eat things
that would knock him out on the first
round.

One of New York's learned physi-
cians says it is possible for a man to
hold his breath two minutes. Even
if a man can hold his breath two min-
utes he can't fool his wife a bit longer
than that.

Says a lecturer: "If you are poor
remember that there are others who
are poorer than yourself." People don't
want to remember that. They take up
most of their time in remembering
that there are others who are better
off than they.

It was the poet Wordsworth who
wrote: "By all means use sometimes
to be alone, Salute thyself." etc. Of
course, if you deserve a salute from
yourself, go ahead, old top, but don't
ever sneak off by yourself and drink
to your health.

In prosecuting the prisoner at the
bar a Texas prosecuting attorney said:
"He ought to be fired from a red hot
cannon through a barbed wire fence
into the mouth of hell." A lawyer
should have more decorum than to
use Billy Sunday language in court.

Professor Garner says he is able
to talk to a monkey in its own language.
Of course, that is the proper way to
talk to a monkey, but it is noticed
that the high brows always talk over
the heads of their audiences. Why
don't they talk in the language of the
audience?

The Charleston News and Courier in-
quires with a hint: "Do the little navy
men recall how the country felt in
1858, when it was reported that a
Spanish fleet was headed for the At-
lantic coast?" We think that the coun-
try felt that the report was started
by somebody who wanted to see Boston
get nervous.

Governor Manning wants the farm-
ers in South Carolina to reduce their
cotton acreage, and he advises them
to do so, but he thinks it is a matter
for farmers to decide for themselves
without any State interference with
their individual rights. All advice to
the farmer is of the same nature. It
is up to him to take it or not, so the
only thing to do is to submit the recom-
mendations to his judgment and let
him take care of himself.

Dr. Frank Crane, having observed
how strangely the whole push acts
now, recently declared "There is every
indication that the world is going
crazy. A large part of it is crazy now
—crazy as a bedbug." The New York
Sun, always disposed to take the op-
posite side, comes to the defense of
the bedbug. The Sun seems to know
its slandered friend, and concludes
that inasmuch as it "attains his object
with skill and makes its escape with
low cunning," the bedbug is anything
else but crazy. Anyhow, The Sun vi-
lently asserts that the rudeness of
the world is something like Dr. Crane
contends, except as to the compari-
son.

ACREAGE REDUCTION AS VIEWED IN EUROPE.

England is as much interested in re-
duction of cotton acreage as the South,
but not from the same angle. Eng-
land's mills may not be able to take all
the cotton they need now, but they
want plenty of cotton when the time
comes and the larger the supply the
cheaper they will get it. Therefore, it
is to the advantage of the foreign spin-
ners to have just as big a crop this
year as possible, while it is to the in-
terest of farmers to cut the acreage
and reduce production in order to get
profitable prices for cotton. Those who
are indifferent to reduction of acreage
will do well to read this from "Cotton"
the official journal of the Manchester
(Eng.) Cotton Association:

"It is well known that the cotton
crop is grown by thousands of planters
and it is argued that many of these
and others interested in the handling
of cotton, pinning their faith in an
early termination of the war, will hold
part of their crop or buy to hold, be-
lieving that they will be well repaid by
the enhanced values which must rule
later. Until the trade is able to gauge
with some degree of accuracy the like-
ly duration of the present war, the re-
duced consumption and financial stringency
are decided against the builder of enter-
prise. Therefore, a lower rather than a high-
er level of values seems probable. Stabi-
lity may be given the markets should
the planters give some assurance that
they will reduce the cotton acreage ma-
terially. Unanimity of action in the
Lancashire cotton industry, the most
highly organized trade in the world,
is difficult to obtain, therefore, remote
are the chances of concerted action
among the planters of the South to
reduce acreage being a success."

From the foregoing, we can see that
cotton growers are holding back to
get higher prices and foreign cotton
buyers are holding back to get cheaper
cotton. They seem to be convinced
that cotton will be cheaper, because
they have doped it out that 1,700,000
cotton planters in the South cannot
agree on a well defined plan for acre-
age reduction and can be counted on
to produce a large crop. Within sixty
days the farmers must decide whether
they are going to plant more of some
thing else and less cotton, so that it is
well to present the facts to them so
they can decide for themselves. In
view of what "Cotton" says as to the
bear feeling (cheap cotton) in England,
the Manufacturers' Record says:

"The organ of the Manchester Cotton
Association is not a philanthropic en-
terprise. It is hardly to be expected
to lead in any bull movement for cot-
ton, as it represents purchasers of cot-
ton. Nevertheless, it reveals accurate
knowledge of the situation in its re-
cognition of the difficulties in the way
of concerted action by 1,700,000 cotton
growers in the South, and that knowl-
edge emphasizes the wisdom in its
statement that assurance of a material
reduction in cotton acreage this year
will give stability to the cotton mar-
kets. Marked reduction in cotton acre-
age is, in fact, the sole assurance that
the state of the South on August 1,
1915, will not be worse than the state
of the South on September 1, 1914, as
far as cotton is concerned, together
with all things depending immediately
upon cotton. Cotton growers of the
South have the determination of this
matter in their own hands. Many of
them, perhaps the majority, are so sit-
uated that that vital fact can be im-
pressed upon their minds only by word
of mouth of the individuals who really
decide for them every year the acreage
they shall plant, the small store keep-
ers, the landlords and the extortionate
money lenders, the latter being the only
bankers with whom hundreds of thou-
sands of farmers have acquaintance. These
individuals are the ones who should
be made to see the wisdom in the
suggestion of Manchester Cotton. The
legitimate bankers of the South are
the ones to instill this wisdom."

The campaign for reduction will have
to get in its work in the next sixty
days. Corn planting time is most here,
and spring crops will be planted soon
or not at all. With high priced food
stuffs to be bought and the possibility
of still higher prices for something to
eat, it is up to the farmers to grow
food crops that they know must be
high, or grow cotton which the Man-
chester spinners are satisfied will be
low.

AN INSIDIOUS BLOCKADE.

London expresses amazement at the
audacious exploits of the German sub-
marines which have recently sunk ten
British merchant ships near the har-
bors of the British Isles. These danger-
ous warships have been doing business
off the west coast of England and have
headed off and sunk ships on their way
into the harbor of Liverpool. The sub-
marine ordinarily is a small affair only
capable of exploits not very far from
shore, but Germany seems to have a
class of vessels large enough to go sev-
eral hundred miles away from their
base.

Germany seems to have decided upon
a submarine blockade of the ports of
Great Britain, and if it is successfully
carried out it will be difficult for ships
carrying the British flag to get in and
out of the home ports. Apparently such
a blockade could not be maintained
long at a time, but it is in contrast with
the blockade of American and South
American ports by British and French
ships to prevent commerce with Ger-
many.

The submarine slips along in the wa-
ter with so little of her superstructure
showing above the water line that it is
difficult to distinguish them till they
bob up by a merchant ship and send
her to the bottom after making her
crew and passengers take to the life
boats.

Nobody is able to tell how seriously
the German submarine operations will
interfere with England's commerce, but
there is a rumor that Lloyd's take it
so seriously that they will not insure
ships under the British flag. If new
menace to commerce keeps up, mari-
ne insurance will be high and hard
to get and there will be another obsta-
cle to commerce on the high seas. With
both England and Germany playing the
same game, it is possible that the only
safe cargoes will be those under the
American flag, and they will not be safe
from seizure by either England or Ger-

many if the ships carry contraband to either one of those countries.

Of course, arbitrary and rude inter-
ference with commerce is a game
which any of the belligerents can play
if they are able to do so, and this new
phase of the situation throws another
light on the difficulty of carrying on
commerce with any of the belligerent
nations.

England depends on her colonies and
America for her food supplies and war
munitions to a large extent, so if it is
possible for her ports to be blockaded
by submarines, the situation would be-
come critical.

Whatever may be the possibilities in
either the British or the German plan
of interfering with commerce, it em-
phasizes more than ever the need of
ships flying the American flag. How-
ever, if they are ships purchased from
former German owners, the British
ships will seize them, while if they are
purchased from former British owners,
the Germans will seize them. Of
course, if Great Britain will not recog-
nize the transfer of German ships to
American registry, Germany will not
recognize the transfer of British ships
to American registry.

There doesn't seem to be much hope
of the commerce of the United States
in the purchase of either British or
German ships, for the possibilities be-
come graver and the situation becomes
more perplexing.

No one knows whether Germany can
long maintain a submarine blockade,
but at best it is an insidious one in
view of the fact that the submarine is
practically an unseen danger.

PAYROLLS ARE THE BEST RELIEF.

There are emergencies when indus-
tries are affected by depression and
people can't get work when they need
it the most, but there is no excuse for
the time that people are out of work
for the reason that there is nothing for
them to do because of the lack of in-
dustrial enterprise in their city.

Diversified industries are sure to
give employment to a large number of
people pretty much all the time, while
it is barely possible that where there
are various kinds of industries, only a
few of them have to be shut down. It
is in variety that there is safety, and
it is diversified industries that Wil-
mington needs, as is peculiarly empha-
sized by the present emergency.

The slogan has gone forth that "the
payroll is better than the relief fund,"
so that a city's best protection in either
prosperity or adversity is to have in-
dustries that may be depended upon to
provide work, even at reduced prices
for labor at odd times.

One drawback to such a period as the
world is now facing, is that the price
of labor falls, while the price of nearly
everything to eat or wear goes up.
Nevertheless, a half loaf is better than
no loaf during an emergency, so labor
has to adjust itself to the crisis and
depend on better times to get what is
coming to it.

In The Star a few days ago "Manu-
facture" suggested two lines of manu-
facturing that are peculiarly adaptable
to Wilmington because the raw materi-
al is right here to be turned into the
finished product. We could name a
score of commodities that ought to be
manufactured in Wilmington because
of the abundance of raw material right
at hand, and for years, at times, The
Star has hammered along that line to
arouse interest. We do not seem to
appreciate our own opportunities, but
now that an emergency comes along to
impress us seriously we should go to
work with renewed determination to
make Wilmington a manufacturing city.

We should not invite others to come
and do it but do it ourselves, for
"Manufacturer" well says "Wilmington
has the money." Our commercial bod-
ies ought to have a committee making
practical and exhaustive study of man-
ufacturing opportunities and they
should be emphasized in a way that
practical and effective interest should
be aroused.

HIS COTTON IS CLEAR PROFIT

Mr. J. A. McDermott, of Horry coun-
ty, is a prosperous farmer and so far
as diversification is concerned—he
knows. At one time Mr. McDermott
represented the "State of Horry" in the
South Carolina Senate. He resigned a
county office to go to the Senate and
subsequently resigned another county
office "to give his time to his business."
His business is farming and in such
a county of versatility in production
as Horry, that is some business.

We know, because Horry adjoins
North Carolina and is so much like it,
that Horry ought to be annexed to
North Carolina so it would feel at
home. The Horry man happened to be
in Columbia last Wednesday and The
State paper inquired of him about
farming operations in his county. He
said, the people are putting in grain
and are looking to live stock, but no
doubt he opened the eyes of the State
paper when he went on to say:

"I have been keeping house 27
years," he said, "and have never bought
any meat or lard. I am operating on
eight horse farm in addition to some
rented places, and I made enough food-
stuffs last year to run my place, and
the cotton that I have is paid for and
is mine. It is clear profit. I never
use any fertilizer that I can not pay
for in the spring of the year. Come
over to Horry county in May and see
the strawberry crop. Of course we do
not talk about the years when we
make no money, and sometimes they do
come, but I recall one year I had a
negro share cropper to sell \$500 worth
of strawberries off of one acre. My
rent for that acre that year was, net,
about \$140."

Mr. McDermott tells it right. He
knows what diversified farming is, and
the illustrious fact is the climate and
soil of this part of the Nation's gar-
den spot are so wonderfully adapted
to scores of crops that people can
grow nearly every product under the
sun.

On Friday evening in the Senate,
Senator Smoot spoke 11 hours and 35
minutes against the National shipping
bill. The Republicans are trying to
talk it to death, because they want the
government to help the shipping trust
instead of helping itself. Between the
two propositions there is little to
arouse enthusiasm, but the country
knows it will never have a merchant
marine that will help this country's
commerce, if the Republicans are de-
pendent upon for a plan.

A Texas newspaper man claims to
have been robbed of \$14, but if he is
a married man the probability is that
the fiancée of the family just touched
him for his wealth.

TO DRAIN COLLY SWAMP.

To the Editor of The Star:
Believing you to be in favor of pub-
lic improvement in this country and
desiring greatly to see the country pro-
spering in it, I have concluded to write
you an article from this section con-
cerning the drainage of Colly Swamp.
Lying and being mostly in Bladen county,
it heads up about 30 miles from its
mouth and will average from one-half
to one mile wide the whole distance.
It is a prong of Black river, branch-
ing off from it just above Still Bluff,
two miles below Point Caswell, and
flows in a northwesterly direction for about
30 miles. It is well timbered on both
sides with large yellow and long-leaf
pine and the swamp has a very fine
growth of black gum and maple and
white oak and water oak and cypress
and juniper in abundance, that could
all be put on the market if it was
drained, and it would be very easily
drained as it has a great deal of water
at any time to flow a dredging ma-
chine to ditch it. The little
branches that have been ditched
on each side of it produce fine crops of
corn and potatoes, and there is a large
number of settlers on it all the way
to its head, to rent it in case it was
ditched, but they think they are not
able to ditch it, and I would suggest
that they like Lion Swamp farmers
did to get their ditched. First orga-
nize in farmers' clubs and have a gen-
eral meeting about Singletary or White
Lake and invite Mr. Godwin, our repre-
sentative, to send us a speaker to ex-
plain how and at what cost the im-
provement can be made, in installments
yearly for 10 years. We would be glad
if you would publish this article and
give us such other instructions as you
may think best to enlighten us on the
subject. Respectfully,
A. J. BORDEAUX.
Ivanhoe, R. F. D., N. C.

CURRENT COMMENT.

There will be plenty of candidates
for the job of city manager but it
may not be so easy to find a man that
can fill it.—Durham Herald.

According to a recent report of the
Bureau of Education, school children in
the United States have put one million
and two hundred and fifty thousand
dollars in the school savings banks of
the country. This is a remarkably
good showing, and the economical
training the practice gives the children
with its encouragement of thrift hab-
its will be of incalculable benefit to
the whole system of education. It is
not alone the money savings which is
valuable in this way, but the habits en-
forced of self-sacrifice and self-control
in saving which have much more than
monetary value in their help to the
formation of character.—Baltimore
American.

The Administration has done well in
postponing the formal opening cere-
monies of the Panama Canal from
March until July. Unless Col. Goethals
is mistaken, which is highly improba-
ble, the recent slides in Culebra Cut
have closed the canal for the time be-
ing to battleships, and the work of
clearing the channel will not have pro-
gressed sufficiently by March to permit
the fleet to pass through. A formal
celebration of the "opening" of a Pan-
ama Canal closed to the American fleet
would be a burlesque. The ceremonies
can well wait until July. Perhaps by
that time the American people them-
selves will be in a better mood to cele-
brate.—New York World.

"Pigs are pigs," of course, but very
often they are other things as well.
A good living for their owner, for ex-
ample. The Duchess of Belmont is a
Brooks county pig that has won a long
list of prizes for its owner, Miss Maude
Phillips. Elsewhere in The Morning
News is a biography of the Duchess,
that tells of such interesting matters
as her age, weight and diet. But more
interesting than the Duchess is her
owner. Miss Phillips has been teaching
school, but hereafter she will raise
pigs. Instead of teaching the young
idea how to shoot she will raise pigs
so fast they cannot root. And she will
be doing her county and the state a
very excellent service by showing what
profit there is in intelligent pig cul-
ture, not only for men, but even for the
young women on the farms of Georgia.
The Duchess is a very lady-like pig
and wears her blue ribbons with the
air of conscious high rank and very
blue blood, but she owes all of her
success to Miss Phillips, without whose
care the Duchess would have been
nothing more than a common or garden
pig, not having had any title at all. What
Miss Phillips has done other young
women on Georgia farms can do and
there is not the slightest reason why
there should not be a whole Burke's
Peerage of Duchesses owned by the
daughters of Georgia farmers.—Savan-
nah News.

A WILMINGTON REPORT

Fully Corroborated and Easily Investi-
gated.

Do you need a good kidney medicine?
Then read the reports in these very
columns of the Wilmington person cured
or benefited with Doan's Kidney Pills.
You won't have to go far to find out if
they are true. This Wilmington case
is an example. Others will follow.
L. B. Partin, 505 Chestnut St., Wil-
mington, says: "My back was weak and
lame and I had acute pains across my
loins. The secretions from my kidneys
were highly colored and filled with sedi-
ment, and caused me much distress
when being voided. I got a box of
Doan's Kidney Pills at Bellamy's Drug
Store and they drove away all the
symptoms of my complaint." (State-
ment given Feb. 25, 1908).

OVER TWENTY YEARS LATER Mr. Par-
tin said: "I have used Doan's Kidney
Pills occasionally since giving my former
endorsement and always with the
best of results."
Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't sim-
ply ask for a kidney remedy—get
Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr.
Partin had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

Read Star Business Locals.

Got to Go Deep to Cure Rheumatism

Liniments Help Locally, But
the Disease is Way Down
Inside.



To get at the source of rheumatic
pains it requires the deep, searching in-
fluence of S. S. S., the famous blood pur-
ifier. Rheumatism is primarily a blood
disease, that since it is in this vital fluid
that rheumatic tendencies are carried,
lodges in the joints and muscles, there to
irritate the nerves and produce pain.
And in order to drive out these pain in-
flicting poisons it requires S. S. S. to
sink deep into the tiny glands imbedded
in the innermost tissues. S. S. S. travels
wherever the blood goes and never loses
its medicinal influence. This explains
why it overcomes the most chronic forms
of rheumatism, why it dissolves those hard
deposits that thicken the joints, for it acts
as a solvent and assists the blood to pro-
vide in the tissues those natural elements
for which the body-building process con-
tinually craves and must have.
If you have never used S. S. S. for
rheumatism, get a bottle today of any
druggist. Use it as directed and with
some simple home helps you will soon
dethrone the worst and most painful
forms of rheumatism. Write the medi-
cal department, The Swift Specific Co.,
63 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for addi-
tional advice. Yours may be a case
where a slight help from a specialist
whose advice is free, will solve the mys-
tery that has been making life miserable
for you. When you ask for S. S. S. in-
sist upon it and refuse all substitutes.

FOR SALE

Two cars Maine Grown
Irish Potatoes, all varieties
Shipment to be made in
February. Orders solic-
ited.

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Wholesale Grocers
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5lbs SUGAR 25c

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SWEET POTATOES 30c
3 CANS TOMATOES 25c
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STAR HAMS 17 1/2c
COUNTRY EGGS 30c
IVORY SOAP 4c
HECKER'S OATMEAL 9c
HECKER'S BUCKWHEAT 9c
HECKER'S BUCKWHEAT 17c
HECKER'S BUCKWHEAT 33c
SAUER'S VANILLA 30c
BURNETT'S VANILLA 30c

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ARE HERE—ALWAYS FIRST AT
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—115 Princess Street—
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We Need Your Patronage at This Crisis
of the War.
SPECIAL MENUS FOR DINNER AND
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NOTE PRICES BELOW

\$6.00 Down Comforts \$4.69
\$8.00 Down Comforts \$6.69
\$6.50 All Wool North Carolina Blankets \$5.25
\$5.50 All Wool North Carolina Blankets \$4.48
\$4.00 Wool Blankets \$3.39
\$1.50 Grey Wool Blankets \$1.29
\$3.50 Wool Blankets \$2.79
\$3.50 Maish Comforts \$2.79
\$1.50 Maish Comforts \$1.19

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1 bottle Palmolive Shampoo 39c
1 jar Palmolive Cream 39c

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Short
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Long
Legs

New
Stock
Prices
Right



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"WHERE THE GOOD SHOES COME FROM"

FIRST IN SERVICE! FIRST IN QUALITY!

FIRST IN THE HEARTS OF OUR CUSTOMERS!

That's the position our store holds today—a position gained only by a
broad policy of Honest Merchandise and Fair Dealings.
Never a misrepresentation of Values!
Couldn't do it and build our business to what it is today!
We never forget the fact that with every sale we make we must make
a customer.
This is the guiding principle of this establishment.
A quality-retaining stock, priced on a customer-retaining basis.
The sweetness of low prices seldom equals the bitterness of poor qual-
ity.

L. B. SASSER
THE MISSION PHARMACY.

Seaboard Air Line Railway

The Progressive Railway of the South.
CHARLOTTE, - - N. C.

Round trip fare from Wilmington, \$5.90, Account of Laymen's Mis-
sionary Movement, Presbyterian Church in U. S., February 16-18, 1915.
Tickets on sale February 14th and 15th, limited returning. Midnight
February 22nd. Reduced rates from all points on the Seaboard Air Line
Railway. For information as to rates and etc., call on local agent or
phone 175, Orton Hotel Building.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C. H. E. PLEAS

CHAIRMAN RESIGNS ACTION IS DEFERRED

County Commissioners in Regular Monthly Session

Adjourned Meeting to Be Held on Tuesday—Many Matters of Routine Considered Yesterday Afternoon.

At the conclusion of the regular monthly meeting of the Board of County Commissioners, lasting nearly three hours yesterday afternoon, largely engaged with routine business, Chairman Martin S. Willard formally tendered his resignation and insisted upon its acceptance either at the present or in the very near future.

Chairman Willard's co-laborers on the board were extremely reluctant to consider the resignation, urging upon him its withdrawal or permission to hold same on file for an indefinite period. To all these importunities, the chairman would not listen, insisting that if the board did not at once accept the resignation that it be accepted at an adjourned regular meeting which will be held next Tuesday to complete the regular routine of business of which there has been a considerable accumulation incident to the new year.

Mr. Willard's resignation was in the following letter which was read by the clerk at the conclusion of the session. Mr. Willard insisting that he be privileged to tender the same before taking the recess, which was seen to be inevitable towards 4 o'clock in the evening:

"February 1, 1915.

"To the Board of Commissioners, Wilmington, N. C.: As stated to you at the annual meeting of our Board in December, I was then anxious to be relieved of the duties of chairman of the Board. I find that the position requires me to give more time than I am able to devote to it without interference with other interests, and I therefore beg you to accept my resignation to take effect at once.

"I wish to thank each member of the Board for the uniform courtesy extended to me during the time I have occupied the position of chairman.

"Respectfully,

"M. S. WILLARD, Chairman."

Mr. Willard supplemented the formal letter with a verbal statement enlarging upon the reasons assigned in his letter, to which each member responded in the kindest manner and with the high testimonial to his services. Commissioner Kerr making a motion that the resignation be not accepted, which motion was not entertained by the chair.

The meeting was called to order shortly after 3 o'clock with Commissioners Willard, Kerr, Moore, McGirt and Topp in attendance. There were present also Clerk W. A. Williams, County Attorney Graham, Kenan & Stacy, County Farm Demonstrator J. P. Herring, Auditor J. A. Orrell and others in attendance. The Board first gave ear to a large number of property owners complaining against double taxation for failure to list, excessive valuation or error in the amount charged against them. The complaints were all noted and will later be considered as a whole upon the representations made in each case, but under the advice of the county attorney, the Board saw little chance of relieving those who had failed to list of double taxation, though members of the Board expressed a hope that some means could be found for making the penalty for non-enlistment more nominal.

Mr. John H. Rehder called attention to the bad condition of the Middle Sound road, a complaint that came eagerly from all over the county during the meeting, following the unprecedented rains in January. Mr. Rehder suggested that the board arrange to provide the public with a landing on the sound, if the county would arrange for a good road leading to the same. The road committee was instructed to take the matter up further with Mr. Rehder.

Mr. H. de W. Rapalle, of the Camant Products Company, addressed the Board with reference to sanitary appliances that may be required at the new county prison and farm. The matter was left with the committee.

Woodus Kellum, Esq., addressed the Board with reference to land overflowed on the Horne place, on the Carolina Beach road, attributing the overflow to the drainage from the county road at or near that point. The road committee was instructed to give attention to the matter.

Mr. D. J. Joyner spoke affectively to the board with reference to a mile of connecting road much desired by residents in the Wrightboro vicinity and he was assured that the Board would have the proposed route surveyed and that as soon as possible the needed relief would be given. Mr. William Nestle also received assurances from the Board that the superintendent would be instructed to make necessary repairs to the Blue Clay road, in Cape Fear township.

Mr. Herring submitted a proposition from Mr. J. R. Hardee to rent 30 acres of the rocky quarry lands recently purchased by the county from Mr. William Gregerson, at Castle Haynes, at a rental of \$95 per year. The matter was referred to Commissioner J. T. Kerr with power to act.

In response to an overture from the United States Department of Agriculture, by making an additional appropriation of only \$25, the services of the farm demonstrator were secured for 11 months instead of 10 as was presented with an appropriation of \$750.

The attention of the sheriff was called to the fact that the law requires settlement of taxes on the first Monday in February with leave to the commissioners to extend the time, and some representation will be received from him at the next meeting as to the extension desired under the law.

Application of Leslie P. Huffman for exemption from poll tax on account of physical disability was referred to Dr. John Thomas for recommendation. Applications for admission to the outdoor poor list from Mrs. Annie Lumsden.

HUNDREDS OF WOMEN. Nowadays are entering the professions or business world and go to work day after day in bad health, afflicted with some female ailment, dragging one foot wearily after the other, working with an eye on the clock, and wishing for closing time to come.

Women in this condition should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs. It has brought health and happiness to more women in America than any other remedy. Give it a trial.

MARKET CLERK IS ELECTED

Councilman Wood Says He is Going to See That Market House is Kept Clean and Sanitary.

Mr. S. S. Harrison was elected by City Council at a special session yesterday morning as clerk of the Front Street market to succeed the late Capt. A. F. Cox, who died last week following a long period of enfeebled health. There were six applications for the position but Mr. Harrison was the man endorsed by Councilman Wood, in charge of the Department of Public Affairs, and was unanimously elected.

Councilman Wood declared that he is going to see that the market house is kept clean and sanitary and in order to do this he felt that he must have a man in direct charge who will be able to fill the place in all its ramifications. After all the applications had been presented he stated that he was committed to Mr. Harrison and believed that he could hold the place with credit to himself and the general public.

The other five men making application for the position were Messrs. S. J. Bryan, A. T. Piver, Robert Jones, John Meyer and W. M. Hayes. Councilman Loughlin stated that he had heard of an objection to Mr. Harrison because he had been a resident of the city only a short time. It afterwards developed that Mr. Harrison's name had been confused with another man, who had not made application for the place.

Councilman Wood said that the women folks are constantly after him because of the condition of the market and he has all sorts of things to go up against. He said that Captain Cox during the last few months of his life was not able to do all that was required of the position. The salary for the place is \$750 a year.

Councilman Wood's proposition made by the City Attorney to Hon. John D. Bellamy, by which the city can go ahead and lay a sewer pipe at the foot of Webster street without prejudice to a suit now pending in court to determine whether or not the street has ever been opened by the city.

A bill of \$18.75 from the National Black Company for the treatment of a horse which was injured by falling into a sewer hole on Meares street was ordered paid.

Councilman Wood announced that samples of the water from the experimental deep well recently sunk on the city property will be sent to Raleigh for analysis by the State chemist. The pumping of the water which has been in progress since the well was completed will be stopped this afternoon as Councilman Wood thinks that a sufficient test has been made.

Those present at the meeting of Council yesterday were Mayor Moore, Councilmen Wood, Jones, Loughlin and City Clerk and Treasurer Thos. D. Meares.

JANUARY WEATHER RECORD.

All Records for Rainfall in Wilmington Broken—Other Figures.

Aside from breaking all records of rainfall for the month in the history of the local weather bureau which was established 4 years ago, there was nothing unusual about the weather in this city during January. It was stated in The Star several days ago that all records for rain in January had been broken. The total rainfall for the month was 8.41 inches, while the highest previous rainfall for the month was 7.57 inches in 1878. The normal rainfall is 3.50 inches.

The average temperature was registered on the 23rd, being 69 and the lowest was on the 22nd with 27 degrees. The mean temperature for the month was 48, or a little more than two degrees higher than the usual normal. The greatest precipitation in 24 hours was January 18th, when 3.84 inches of rain fell. The maximum wind velocity for the month was 30 miles an hour on the 6th. There were 14 clear days, seven partly cloudy and ten cloudy days. There were nine days of rain. The total hours of sunshine for the month was 178.1 out of a possible 315.7 hours.

First Shed of Season.

Mr. R. C. Fergus reported the first shed to be sold on the local market yesterday. The season opened yesterday and a dozen large buxas were brought to the city by two fishermen. They are selling for \$1.25 to \$1.50. The prospects are for lots of them later on, on account of the prevailing winds during the last few weeks being from the east and the northeast, other varieties of fish have been rather scarce.

Greenville, and John Lawhorns, Wrightsville, were likewise referred to Dr. Thomas.

Commissioner Moore reported that temporary arrangements had been made with Mr. Meares Harris to continue to act as court stenographer for three months, pending definite arrangements for the year.

Commissioner Kerr called attention to needed repairs on the Gordon road, and the superintendent will make urgent repairs.

Report of Farm Demonstrator Herring, showing very satisfactory work during the last month, was read and placed on file.

An amended contract with the beach development companies for the construction of the Carolina Beach road was filed, curing slight defects in the agreement, and the same was reapproved.

Report of Mr. P. H. Rasberry, keeper of the county home, was received, showing 23 patients and 26 prisoners now confined in the institution. No new patients were received during the month. One colored woman died and Mr. Henry Harris was transferred to the Eastern Hospital at Raleigh. The health of the inmates was generally good during January and the sanitation of the home satisfactory. The weather was not favorable for farm work but the force was kept busy hauling straw and exchanging for manure; cutting and hauling wood; clearing up new ground and dragging and making some repairs on the Gordon road. Six hands were employed in giving a general cleaning to the court house and land at the farm is being prepared for garden peas and Irish potatoes.

Chairman Willard related extensive negotiations that have been going on with reference to a sale of the railroad iron being torn up from the Federal Point road and the locomotive in use on the line. He had at last received an offer of \$18 per ton for the iron and was authorized to proceed with the sale to best advantage. Commissioner McGirt had previously been authorized to sell to best advantage the iron that was being taken up from the roadbed. An advertisement, appears elsewhere in today's paper.

Many of the other reports and routine matters were over to the meeting next Tuesday, February 9.

SIXTH WARD CREATED; DIFFERENCES SETTLED

Charter Committee Again in Session Last Night

Happy Solution of Vexed Problem Reached—Delegation of Carolina Heights Citizens is Heard.

Harmonizing all differences as to ward lines by the creation of a Sixth ward to include all that territory east of 14th street, and making further considerable progress towards an agreement on all fundamental points, the special committee of business men and members of city council, in consultation with City Attorney Bryan and Special Attorneys A. G. Ricard and Eugene Martin, gave another three hours and a half consideration to the new city charter, at a meeting last night in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce in the Merchants National Bank building.

Realizing the urgent need of celebrity in getting the new charter at once to the Legislature for enactment into law, the joint committee at 11:45 o'clock last night took a recess until 8 o'clock tonight when at the same place further consideration will be given to remaining sections of the rough draft which has been prepared by the attorneys for submission to and approval of the council. It is expected that it will be certainly the last of the week before the re-draft of the bill is made and ready for presentation to the Legislature for final enactment and submission to the people at an election to be held presumably some time in March.

At the meeting last night were City Attorney E. C. Bryan, President Mr. H. C. McQueen, chairman of the joint committee; Messrs. J. A. Taylor, C. C. Chadbourne, M. J. Corbett, Thos. E. Cooper, Councilmen T. W. Wood and Chad. C. Loughlin, ex-Mayor A. G. Ricard, Mr. Eugene S. Martin, and a delegation of Carolina Heights citizens residing in the territory to be annexed under the bill now pending in the Assembly and who have protested against the ward lines as urged by Representative Stacy for the reason that under these lines, it would be possible to select all the councilmen from that portion of the city west of Seventh street.

The delegation consisted of Messrs. T. W. Davis, Robert Ruark, J. O. Carr, Jas. S. Williams, E. C. Holt, W. D. McCaig and C. VanLeuven.

Members of the delegation urged that the portion of the city to be annexed certainly should be entitled to at least one representative on the Council and the committee rather agreed with them. Plans were discussed at some length as the final upshot of which it was decided to adopt the ward lines as urged by members of the City Council, with the exception that a new, or sixth, ward is to be added to consist of all that territory east of 14th street. This would greatly increase the present ward lines and does no violence to the ideas of members of Council who have also urged a plan for a re-division of the city.

The adoption of this plan for a sixth ward consisting of the territory named was unanimously adopted and framers of the new charter feel that with this division in sentiment, reconciled, there will now be no further serious objection from any quarter. The compromise is believed to be acceptable to all parties who have contended for this or that particular division, all of which have been outlined in the public prints from time to time. The solution of the vexing problem of ward lines came after a thorough discussion of the differences having been reconciled fully to the satisfaction of all, the more weighty matters of the new charter were taken up, ex-Mayor Ricard reading from the rough draft, and every member of the committee and advisers having entered heartily into the plans for framing the very best charter possible.

The sections as agreed upon, embracing the city manager or executive officer plan, were amplified and defined very fully, but no material changes were made from the general plan previously outlined in the public prints. There are yet many points to be handled and the committee has determined to work assiduously until the paper is complete and in the hands of New Hanover's legislators in the General Assembly.

Arrangements will be made, of course, by which the public will be fully informed as to the contents of the charter so that an intelligent expression may be had from the people at the polls.

AN EXCHANGE OF INQUIRIES.

Senator Cooper and Mr. Keathley on Board of Education Matter.

The following telegram and letter, which explained themselves, were exchanged yesterday between Senator W. B. Cooper and Mr. E. D. Keathley, of this city, the first being from Mr. Cooper and the second from Mr. Keathley in reply thereto:

"Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 1, 1915. 'Mr. E. D. Keathley, care Associated Charities, Wilmington, N. C. 'Rumor says you object to citizens First and Fifth wards voting on Board of Education. Please write me.' 'W. B. COOPER.'"

"Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 1, 1915. 'Senator W. B. Cooper, Senate Chamber, Raleigh, N. C. 'Dear Sir:—I have received your telegram of today, reading as follows: 'Rumor says you object to citizens First and Fifth wards voting on Board of Education. Please write me.'"

"It circulated a petition against your bill changing the Board of Education and I know of no laboring man in Wilmington who favors your bill. Your bill interferes with the plan of the Board of Education which will give work to labor here. In regard to the rumor mentioned by you, will say that there is no such report here, and if there is such a report in Raleigh, you probably know more about how it started than I do. 'Yours truly, 'E. D. KEATHLEY.'"

Door Suit Abruptly Ended. A case in the Recorder's court which has been pending some time between Mr. T. W. Pierce, foreman of the Evening Dispatch job department, and Mr. W. E. King was abruptly ended Saturday afternoon when the carling had a collision with an automobile and was instantly killed. There were many legal points involved in the controversy but the Recorder will not have to trouble over them now.

NEW CLERK TAKES CHARGE

Recorder Had Usual Long Monday Session Yesterday—Attorney Hogue Represented State.

Capt. W. H. Northrop, Jr., assumed his duties as deputy clerk of Superior Court and clerk of the Recorder's court yesterday, and former Clerk Cyrus D. Hogue represented the State in the Recorder's court in the absence of Solicitor Paschall. There were a number of cases to be tried and it was nearly 2 o'clock when court finally adjourned.

While Superior Court is in session, Recorder Empe uses a room in the basement of the Court House. The room was not sufficiently large to hold half of the witnesses and the friends of those being tried yesterday, and there was a long line of negroes standing on the outside awaiting their turn. Kenneth Gary, colored, was given three months on the county roads for an alleged assault on L. Gary, also colored, and an additional three months on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. The latter exhibited an injured nose as evidence of the fact that he had been slashed by a pocket knife.

Charlie Wilder, colored, a member of a county convict force, who came into the police station Saturday and gave himself up to the authorities stating that he had shot at his wife but fortunately had not hit her, was given an additional three months on the roads. Henry Barnes, white, was fined \$25 and the costs on a charge of violating the prohibition law. Mary Miller, a colored girl, charged with house breaking, was sent to the county farm for 60 days. John Lee, colored, was charged with the costs for violating the hitching ordinance. Tom Walker, colored, wasn't guilty of carrying concealed weapons. A not pro with leave was taken from the county farm for 60 days. The book is issued only once in each two years and the one now in use is generally out of date, so the new edition is awaited with much interest by the business people and the public generally. It is a volume well worth indispensable and always receives in Wilmington the cordial support the publication deserves.

The 1915-16 book will be especially interesting in that it will include names of all residents within the "greater Wilmington", after the Legislature gets through with its annexation program, which will add to the city. Mr. Forbes is calling on a number of leading business people to ascertain if the volume will receive that support which has heretofore been accorded and if the interest shown justifies, which it will do without a doubt, a crew of solicitors or canvassers, as they might more properly be called.

Several cases were continued and there were a number up for being drunk, the latter being taxed with the costs.

NEW CITY DIRECTORY.

1915-16 Edition of Book Will Go to Press Very Soon.

Mr. N. H. Forbes, representing the Hill Directory Co., Inc., of Richmond, Va., publishers of the Wilmington city directory in connection with similar publications for a dozen or more other cities in the South, arrived in the city yesterday morning and is making preliminary arrangements for the 1915-16 edition of that valuable publication for the city. The book is issued only once in each two years and the one now in use is generally out of date, so the new edition is awaited with much interest by the business people and the public generally. It is a volume well worth indispensable and always receives in Wilmington the cordial support the publication deserves.

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Because

There is a bird on a Dollar is no reason you should let it fly. Save it and deposit same with this bank.

4% compounded quarterly paid on all accounts.

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

COR. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

THE WHITE BUILDING.

PERHAPS HE MAY DIE

You have named as your Executor a friend; he is familiar with your affairs. You trust him. Suppose, however, he should die shortly after you and before your Estate is settled up. Wouldn't it throw your affairs into confusion? The Court would appoint an Administrator *de bonis non cum testamento annexo*—and he wouldn't know any more about your affairs and how your Estate should be managed than the average layman knows about the meaning of these words. Name the Trust Company as your Executor and you eliminate this "perhaps." It is a responsible corporation, and does not die.

May we have a confidential conference with you on the subject? When you call, ask for Mr. Taylor. It costs no more to have the trained services of the Trust Company as your Executor than it does to have the untrained services of an individual.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 PRINCESS STREET

"Safety First."

CUT PRICE CASH SALE

Beginning on New Year's Day, we offer Our Entire Stock of Men's, Youth's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats at a Reduction of

25%

Now is Your Chance to get High Class Merchandise for About Cost.

FLEET-DAVIS CO.

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TELEPHONE 673

FLORIDA - CUBA - SOUTH

ONLY Through Sleeping Car Between ATLANTA

WILMINGTON and

DAILY SCHEDULES:	No. 56	No. 51
Lv. Wilmington	3:45 P.M.	5:25 A.M.
Ar. Florence	7:30 P.M.	9:20 A.M.
Ar. Atlanta	6:00 P.M.	11:30 A.M.
Ar. Montgomery	11:30 P.M.	8:55 P.M.
Ar. New Orleans	8:55 P.M.	8:55 P.M.
Lv. Wilmington	3:45 P.M.	5:25 A.M.
Lv. Florence	7:30 P.M.	9:20 A.M.
Ar. Jacksonville	7:15 A.M.	7:20 P.M.
Ar. Tampa	4:00 P.M.	6:45 A.M.
Ar. St. Petersburg	8:30 P.M.	8:00 A.M.
Ar. Fort Myers	10:30 P.M.	12:05 P.M.

PULLMAN CARS ON ALL TRAINS.

PHONE 160

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

THE STANDARD RAILROAD OF THE SOUTH



Resinol will stop that itch

THE moment that Resinol Ointment touches itching skin, the itching stops and healing begins. That is why doctors have prescribed it successfully for nineteen years in even the severest cases of eczema, tetter, ringworm, rashes and other tormenting, unsightly skin eruptions. Aided by warm baths with Resinol Soap, Resinol Ointment restores the skin or scalp to perfect health and comfort, quickly, easily and at little cost. Sold by all druggists.

If Its Shoes

WE CAN SUIT YOU

Carl F. Strunk & Co.

128 to 130 South Front Street. Phone 800-J

SEED Potatoes

Genuine Maine Grown Seed Potatoes, Inspected Four Times. Shipment This Week.

Love & Woody

Wholesale Grocers

'Phone 809.

Wireless

The Wireless discovery, like many other discoveries and inventions, is fast succeeding the older methods of transmitting time, etc. Therefore, we have installed recently a Wireless Time Receiving Station.

GEO. W. HUGGINS

The Jeweler

—PEANUT BAGS FOR SALE
—CANNED PEACHES, APPLES,
—PEARS, TOMATOES, Just Arrived
—RAISINS, COCONUTS, APPLES,
—CANDIES.
—FULL STOCK FANCY AND
HEAVY GROCERIES, ZINC
BUCKETS, TUBS, WASH
BOARDS, NAILS.
—COTTON SEED HULLS AND
MEAL.

A. B. Croom, Jr., Company

Wholesale Grocers
226 North Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

The W. C. T. U. will hold its regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the First Baptist church. This will be the last meeting before the Flying Squadron this month all members are especially urged to attend.

Officers for the ensuing year for the Young Woman's Christian Association will be elected at a meeting of the board of directors to be held at the association building this morning at 11:30 o'clock.

Mr. John J. Blair, superintendent of the Wilmington public schools, will give a lecture illustrated by moving pictures this evening at 8 o'clock at the Winter Park public school for the benefit of the school grounds improvement fund. After the lecture everyone will be invited to join an old-time spelling bee. Refreshments will be served by the school. A small admission will be charged and the public is cordially invited.

Kinston, N. C., Feb. 1.—Rt. Rev. Thos. C. Darst, who has just made his first visit to Kinston since his consecration as Bishop of East Carolina, will come here in March to stay a week. It is intimated by the vestry of the local parish, Bishop Darst is now in Winston, N. C., and will spend several days in the Convocation of the North before returning to the Bishop's House in Wilmington. The members of St. Mary's and Christ churches here, delighted at the prospect of having the bishop here for a whole week, will prepare sumptuously for his entertainment.

WANT CANTATA REPEATED AT FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.
On account of the wide-spread interest in the sacred cantata, "The Christ Child," which was sung at the First

GIVE VERDICT FOR DAMAGES

Jury Decides That Mr. F. B. LeGwin Is Entitled to Recover \$4,500 from Coast Line.

A verdict awarding Mr. F. B. LeGwin damages to the amount of \$4,500 from the Atlantic Coast Line for alleged injuries, sustained in March, 1913, when his legs were painfully injured between two cars on a siding at the Chadbourn Lumber Company, was returned by the jury in the case last night at 8:30 after they had been out for two hours. This was the first jury case to be taken up at the present term of Superior Court for the trial of civil cases and was given to the jury at 6:35 o'clock.

Judge H. W. Whedbee, of Greenville, N. C., is presiding at this term of court which will be in session for two weeks. As usual he is not wasting any time. This six jurors have been summoned for today so that there will be no difficulty in keeping things moving. It was not known last night what case would be taken up first this morning.

The examination of witnesses for the plaintiff in the suit for alleged damages brought by Mr. F. B. LeGwin was completed by 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Thos. W. Davis, Esq., attorney for the Atlantic Coast Line, asked for a non-suit which was overruled. The examination of witnesses for the defense was then taken up but it took only a short time to complete the feature. Ex-Judge E. K. Bryan represented the plaintiff. After the argument of the attorneys and a short charge by Judge Whedbee the case was given to the jury.

Mr. LeGwin was employed by the Chadbourn Lumber Company at their lumber yard in this city at the time the accident happened. An engine was engaged in shifting cars and he was caught between two of them. He was confined to the hospital for several months on account of the injuries received.

Mr. Joseph A. Price, a juror, failed to appear when his name was called yesterday morning and a rule was issued for him to show cause why he should not be fined \$50 for his failure to answer as it appeared that he had been duly summoned. The rule was not served yesterday but will be today. Clerk of Superior Court Harris stated last night.

Walter Neal, colored, was granted a divorce from Louise Neal.
The following cases were continued: Northern Fruit Company against Seaboard Air Line Railway; Joseph Williams against North Carolina Mutual & Provident Association; Wilmington Railway Bridge Company against Franco Ottoman Shipping Company, et al.; Atlantic Coast Line against Franco Ottoman Shipping Co.; Seaboard Air Line against Franco Ottoman Shipping Co.; Murchison National Bank against Independent Manufacturing Co.

WALT MASON COULD HELP.

And Mortal Rhymed a Jitty and Left Clothes on Wharf.

Down at the police station is a suit of black clothes which evidently have been worn for some time, and which were found yesterday afternoon on the wharf at the foot of Walnut street.

There seems to be no clue as to the identity of the person leaving them there, and so far the police are at a loss to know why they were left there. There was a note found in the pocket of the coat, which indicates that the wearer was down and out, but had evidently received some inspiration from reading Walt Mason's daily columns. In plaintive strain, the note reads:

"Money is gone and I have to pawn everything that I've on. Now I am busted and disgusted; going to leave this town by George. Friends they all forsaken me, a poor tramp now I've to be. All mind gone in despair, the nights are hard and cry, wandering here and there. All mind gone in despair, the nights are long and awful, but poor me and the policeman are on patrol."

The writing is better than the rhyme and indicates that the writer might make a decent living, if he would but try.

Death of Young Daughter.
Many friends will regret to learn of the death of little Virginia Dare, the 16-month-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Child, No. 1406 Castle street, which occurred yesterday at noon. The funeral will be conducted from the residence this afternoon at 4 o'clock by Rev. W. G. Hall, pastor of Southside Baptist church, and the interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

Baptist church Sunday night by a specially trained choir of 24 voices, there have been a number of people who have expressed the desire that it be given again in order that those who could not get into the large church auditorium Sunday night may have an opportunity to hear such splendid music.

The following note was received by The Star from a subscriber through the mails yesterday: "In justice to the hundreds of people who stood in the street unable to get into the First Baptist church to hear the sacred cantata on Sunday evening, a subscriber of The Star would ask you through its columns to beg that it be repeated, so many were deprived of the pleasure of hearing it."

OPENING OF SPRING TERM OF Y. W. C. A. CLASSES.

The spring term of the Y. W. C. A. educational classes opened yesterday and those in charge have been very much gratified at the great interest that has been manifested. Those desiring to take courses should register at once.

One of the new classes that is attracting much interest is that in elocution. Those desiring to join the class should register at the office.

Another class that is just being organized and which will doubtless prove to be one of the most popular is that in Domestic Science of which Miss Grace Logan is teacher. The first meeting will be held at the High School building this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Those desiring to enroll should register at the office.

Other classes which will be continued are as follows: Shorthand, Miss Ida McLean, teacher; Basketry, Miss Louise Harlowe, teacher; Bookkeeping, Mrs. Isabel St. Amant, teacher; Arithmetic, Mrs. W. M. Cressy, teacher; English, Miss Elizabeth Legwin, teacher.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Judge H. W. Whedbee, of Greenville, N. C., who is presiding at the present term of Superior Court, is a guest at the Orton.

—Capt. C. McD. Davis, of Savannah, Ga., was among the week-end arrivals in the city and was warmly and cordially greeted by his many friends.

—Included in the arrivals at Orton yesterday were H. D. Carastaphen, Asheville; J. A. Barker, Lumberton; W. E. Addison, Raleigh; E. J. Hill, Winston; John Gorman, Boardman; W. H. Smith, Latta; S. C. St. Julian Springs, Lake Waccamaw; J. F. Woodward, Warsaw.

—Rev. E. C. Sell, of Mayesville, N. C., spent several hours in the city yesterday, returning home from Magnolia near which place, on Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m., he preached the memorial sermon of Mr. Joshua West, an aged citizen of Duplin county, who died several weeks ago.

LOCAL DGTS.

—Carolina Council, Royal Arcanum, held an enjoyable social session last night. There were a number of the members of Cornelius Harnett Council present as guests.

—The regular monthly meeting of the teachers of the city grammar schools was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Hemenway school. An address by Mr. John J. Blair was a feature of the meeting.

—The annual meeting of the Seamen's Friend Society will be held this morning at 10 o'clock at the Seamen's Home, Front and Dock streets. The society will meet immediately after the service.

—Job Graddy and Margaret Moore, both colored, were arrested last night by plainclothesman B. W. Jacobs on warrants charging them with violating the prohibition law. They were locked up at the police station.

WILL HE SEE HIS SHADOW?

Ground Hog Will Make His Appearance Today—Probably Cloudy.

Will the ground hog see his shadow today when he ventures forth to prognosticate as to the weather for the remainder of the winter? According to the forecast, his hogship will not observe Felger, who is some promise for the forecast last night was for cloudy weather with probable rain. It had stopped raining early this morning and a waning full moon was shining brightly near the meridian while a brisk southwest wind was blowing. There's no telling, though; it may be cloudy today for these were filmy clouds skimming over the star bedecked sky.

No use to mention the fact that if his hogship should see his shadow he will scot back into his winter home and remain there for 40 days. Everybody knows that. Last year Ground Hog day was fair and bright and pleasant. And for 40 days thereafter it snowed, sleeted, rained, hailed, tumbled, got hot and smashed a half dozen of Observer Felger's most cherished records. We hope it is cloudy today and so does Mr. Felger.

TO ORGANIZE ROTARY CLUB

Meeting of Those Interested at Hotel Wilmington Tonight.

There will be a meeting of those interested in the organization of a Rotary club for the city of Wilmington at the Hotel Wilmington to night at 8 o'clock. Several meetings have been held but no permanent organization has as yet been perfected.

The Rotary clubs that have been organized in other cities such as Richmond, Va., Baltimore, Md., Savannah, Ga., and Jacksonville, Fla., have proven great helps in getting the business men together in a compact organization and it is felt by those interested that such a club could accomplish great things for Wilmington. A rotary club has already been organized in Raleigh and it is planned to organize one in Charlotte at an early date.

SUCCESSFUL UNION MEETING.

Next Session of Baptist Association at Calvary Church.

The next Union meeting of the Wilmington Baptist Association will be held at Calvary Baptist church, this city, on the fifth Sunday in May and Friday and Saturday preceding. There was a very successful and helpful meeting of the pastors and prominent laymen at Wrightsboro Baptist church which closed Sunday.

Rev. O. N. Marshall, pastor of the Seagate and Masonboro Baptist churches, preached Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Preceding the sermon a helpful address was made by Mr. Geo. E. Leftwich, of Wilmington. There were a number of addresses by the pastors in attendance at the services Friday and Saturday.

VICTORIA REOPENS MONDAY

New York Syndicate to Introduce Musical Tabloid at Local House.

Having been leased by a New York syndicate and placed under the management of Mr. E. H. Little, an experienced New York theatre man, the Victoria, Second and Market streets, will reopen next Monday night, presenting at the start musical tabloids, this form of entertainment later to give way to something more pretentious if the patronage warrants.

He speaks most confidently of the success which he believes will attend his company's efforts to provide high-class amusement to the Wilmington public and states that popular prices will be the rule. The evening admission will be 20 cents for the main floor except the rear, which, with the balcony, will be 10 cents. Balcony has been partitioned to be used by whites and blacks separately. Prices for the matinees will be 5 and 10 cents. An orchestra will be maintained for the evening performances and in addition to the musical tabloids, high-class moving pictures will be offered. Mr. Little asks the co-operation of the Wilmington public in his efforts to make the Victoria a "go" and he feels sure the response in the way of co-operation is going to be all that is desired.

Viewed Negro's Body.

Coroner A. S. Holden was summoned late last night to view the body of William Mosley, colored, about 39 years old, who was found dead in his barber shop at No. 316 North Fourth street. He had closed the shop about 8 o'clock, but had gone back there later in the night, and another colored man heard him cry out in the shop, and, going to investigate, at 11:10 o'clock, found him in the back door of the place, writhing in pain. The negro ran to get help, but when he returned, Mosley was dead. The coroner found, after viewing the body, that there was no suspicion of foul play, and the body was turned over to Alex. Davis, the colored undertaker, to be prepared for burial.

GERMANS ATTEMPT RAID.

Whether by Zeppelins or Submarines Not Known Last Night.

London, Feb. 1.—The batteries protecting Dover opened tonight on what is believed to have been another German raid, but whether by Zeppelins or submarines, or both, has not been ascertained.

An early report from Dover said that five hostile airships were observed there, and a later report announced they had been driven off by the gun fire of the forts.

Another Dover message declared the fire had been directed at German submarines.

The war department instructed the London police to make all preparations for an air raid, and the city soon was in darkness. Everywhere the news spread that a Zeppelin fleet was on its way to the metropolis. Telephone calls to Harwich, Cromer, South End, King's Lynn, Tarmouth, and other points, elicited the reply that no air raiders had been seen.

The report of submarines at Dover seemed to explain the gun firing there, but the official press bureau issued no statement.

Extended preparations tonight in London were indicated by the fact that virtually all special constables, under the regulations, were required to report at the various stations, even those attending the theatres, where in some cases audiences were greatly depleted.

At several railway stations lights were extinguished, and trains passing over bridges did so in darkness.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Johnny Kilbane, of Cleveland, featherweight champion, outboxed Young Kansas, of Buffalo, in the last three rounds of a ten-round bout here tonight. Kansas had held the champion even for several rounds. Neither fighter suffered much punishment. Kilbane weighed 123 and Kansas 123 1-2.

THE FAMOUS WHITE

PLEASURE CARS AND TRUCKS

Everybody knows what they are. We take pleasure in announcing we are Agents for the Celebrated White Motor Cars — both pleasure vehicles and trucks. Made by the White Motor Car Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Let us talk to you about them.

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Armour's QUALITY Products

Visit our Branch House in your city. Learn how Armour quality is maintained.

Serve Glendale; it costs less; buy it from your dealer in dust-proof cartons.

Its purity is guarded by U. S. Inspection; its likable, dependable quality by

ARMOUR COMPANY
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Phone 55 R. F. CAMPBELL, Manager.

THEATRICAL

Still the big shows continue to hustle to the New Grand, the people's favorite spot—and there's a reason. It is because it presents the biggest shows and the best, in the handsomest theatre in Wilmington and the most comfortable.

Today will bring around five more big reels of the swiftest films, with two great special features. One will be the appearance of noted Mary Pickford in the stellar role. Every one loves a good, wholesome detective story and this one has been pronounced the greatest yet screened. It will thrill from the very start and will mystify until the very last.

Today's show will also include the most powerful, the most sensational film creation fresh from the Biograph company. It is "The House of Silence." It tells of the trouble of a husband and wife, who never speak to each other, yet continue to live together.

The fifth film success today should also not be missed. It is "The Way of the Woman," the very latest Essanay triumph. So it can be seen that today's show is going to be a great one in every way and one, too, people just can't afford to miss.

MARY PICKFORD NEW GRAND TODAY

In Her Big Dramatic Hit: "THE DECREE OF DESTINY"

"AN AFFAIR FOR THE POLICE"

Great Detective Story—A Two-Reeler.

"THE HOUSE OF SILENCE"

Biograph Dramatic, with a Punch

"THE WAY OF THE WOMAN"

Essanay's Latest Dramatic Sensation.

ALWAYS 5 CENTS

Tomorrow: "Million Dollar Mystery"

MABEL NORMAND

—AND—

"Fatty" Arbuckle

—in—

"Sea Nymphs"

Two Mammoth Reels of Comedy.

"Fatty and Mabel in Bathing Suits"

"The Beggar Child"

Romanic Mutual Drama, Featuring Ed. Coxen and Winifred Greenwood.

"Our Mutual Girl"

Chapter 47—Interesting!

BIJOU

CONCORD CHAPTER, NO. 1, R. A. M.

will meet in Special Convocation this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock, for work in P. M. and M. E. M. degrees.

Companions are requested to be present.

By order of High Priest, JAS. H. TAYLOR, JR., Secretary.

Women Are Interested

WE ARE SHOWING
HIGH-CLASS SWISS
EMBROIDERIES
LACES AND NOVELTIES

A. D. BROWN

The Store That Sells

"American Lady Corsets"

MARY PICKFORD NEW GRAND TODAY

In Her Big Dramatic Hit: "THE DECREE OF DESTINY"

"AN AFFAIR FOR THE POLICE"

Great Detective Story—A Two-Reeler.

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FEBRUARY 2

Deposits made now, and until February 2nd, inclusive, draw interest from February 1st, at four per cent.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

COR. FRONT AND CHESTNUT STREETS

OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS

SEND US YOUR ORDERS FOR OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS BOTH ONE AND TWO HORSE.



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COAL :: COAL

Egg, Stove and Chestnut, Logan Lump and Pocahontas, Run of Mine.

SHINGLES! SHINGLES! 750,000 Shingles, All Grades and Sizes. BUILDERS' SUPPLIES. Everything in This Line.

We Offer Close Prices, Prompt Service and Respectfully Solicit Your Orders.

W. B. Thorpe & Company

Phone 789.

THE ORTON

WILMINGTON, N. C.

In the Heart of the City Try Our Special Sunday Dinners

C. E. HOOPER, Manager.

We are now located in our new quarters, and are prepared to take care of all orders promptly for

Gasoline, Kerosene, Lubricating Oils, Axle Grease, Cup and Transmission Grease.

Don't fail to try our "AUTOIL"—a Carbonless Lubricating Oil for Automobiles, made from Pennsylvania Crude Oil.

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PHONES 873-874.

Balance To Go At Cost

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF BULBS, Consisting of Roman and Dutch Hyacinths, Paper White Narcissus, Trumpet Daffodils, Tulips and Freesias. ALL OF THESE ARE GENUINE, DUTCH GROWN BULBS, imported by us direct from Lisse, Holland.

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L. L. HANBY, :: HARDWARE

BUY YOURSELF A

Gasoline Engine

You can Do So Many Things With It—Heat and light your home, saw wood, pump water, or do anything power will do.

A Gasoline Engine will furnish you with every convenience at a very small cost.

Heaters and Ranges, Engines, House Furnishing Goods, All Kinds of Good Tools.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON MARKET HIGHER NEW RECORD FOR SHIPMENTS ADVANCE IN SECURITIES

Close in New York Very Steady at Net Advance of 11 to 24 Points—Early Irregularities.

New York, Feb. 1.—After a somewhat unsettled and irregular morning, cotton turned firm on covering and trade buying today, with the close very steady at a net advance of 11 to 24 points.

The trade seems to be disturbed by reports concerning the activity of German submarines in attacking merchant ships, and apprehensions that a sharp advance in war risks of marine insurance would lead to a further widening of the difference between New York and Liverpool.

After opening one point lower to one point higher, the market sold two or three points under Saturday's closing figures. New Orleans buying steadied the market and trading became much more active during the afternoon with prices selling up sharply on the big exports for the day, the firm showing of some of the Southern spot markets and the continued absence of hedge selling.

Wall Street and Western houses were among the buyers on this advance. Private advices from Savannah said that interior holders were very firm and the market there was officially reported as 1-16 higher on sales of over 9,000 bales including business transacted late on Saturday. This was one of the factors of the afternoon advance.

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 8.40; Gulf 8.75. No sales.

Cotton futures closed very steady.

Month: Open High Low Close

Mar. . . . 8.47 8.62 8.47 8.62

May . . . 8.77 8.89 8.74 8.88

July . . . 8.97 9.09 8.96 9.08

Oct. . . . 9.20 9.32 9.16 9.30

Dec. . . . 9.32 9.46 9.31 9.44

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 8.1-16; receipts, 5,141; exports, 11,000; sales, 3,075; stock, 415,538.

Galveston—Middling, 8.4; receipts, 13,672; exports, 74,711; sales, 983; stock, 564,738.

Mobile—Middling, 7.4; receipts, 426; sales, 525; stock, 40,827.

Savannah—Middling, 8.4; receipts, 16,518; exports, 26,621; sales, 5,590; stock, 334,155.

Charleston—Middling, 8.4; receipts, 938; exports, 6,500; stock, 152,196.

Wilmington—Middling, 8.4; receipts, 1,871; stock, 5,990.

Texas City—Middling, 7.155.

Norfolk—Middling, 8.1; receipts, 4,224; sales, 2,556; stock, 85,284.

Baltimore—Stock, 7,403.

Boston—Middling, 8.45; receipts, 248; exports, 1,481; stock, 10,100.

Philadelphia—Middling, 8.75; stock, 9,354.

New York—Middling, 8.50; receipts, 184; exports, 2,732; stock, 95,690.

Minor ports—Exports, 15,688; stock, 135,425.

Total today—Receipts, 155,249; exports, 136,493; stock, 1,920,900.

Total for week—Receipts, 123,043; exports, 286,779.

Total for season—Receipts, 6,554,762; exports, 3,875,323.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 8.4; receipts, 31; shipments, 2,713; sales, 756; stock, 226,739.

Memphis—Middling, 8.4; receipts, 4,638; shipments, 6,697; sales, 1,750; stock, 339,942.

Augusta—Middling, 8.1-16; receipts, 937; shipments, 3,342; sales, 700; stock, 149,127.

St. Louis—Middling, 8.4; receipts, 3,614; shipments, 2,862; sales, 6; stock, 29,489.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 1,787; shipments, 812; stock, 10,746.

Little Rock—Middling, 7.4; receipts, 1,507; shipments, 2,927; stock, 64,339.

Dallas—Middling, 7.4; sales, 2,309.

Total today—Receipts, 42,994; shipments, 42,619; stock, 729,382.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Feb. 1.—Cotton: Spot, steady; good middling, 5.83; middling, 5.01; low middling, 4.53. Sales, 6,000; speculation and export, 800. Receipts, 25,112.

Futures, steady. May-June, 4.88; July-August, 4.96; August-September, 4.94; October-November, 5.06; January-February, 5.12.

FINANCIAL QUOTATIONS.

New York, Feb. 1.—Merchandise paper, 3/4 @ 4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, sixty day bills 4.435; for cables 4.4515; for demand 4.4485. Bar silver 48 1/2. Mexican dollars 37 1/2. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, firm.

Time loans, steady: sixty days, 2 1/2 @ 3; ninety days, 2 1/2 @ 3; six months, 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2. Call money, steady. Ruling rate, 2.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Feb. 1.—Sugar, raw, firm. Centrifugal, 4.25. Molasses sugar, 3.45. Refined, firm.

Butter—Firm. Cheese—Firm.

Coffee—Spot, quiet; Rio, No. 7, 8 1/2; Santos, No. 4, 10c.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Export Movement and Higher Spot Prices Dominating Influence.

New Orleans, Feb. 1.—The export movement and higher prices for spots at important Southern centers were the dominating influences in the cotton market today. Around the opening of prices stood one to two points under Saturday's close but from this level there was a steady rise until the end of the season, attracted much attention in the afternoon and led to predictions from the bull side that shipments for the week also would break the season's record.

Spot cotton steady, unchanged. Sales on the spot 1,050 bales; to arrive 5,025.

Cotton futures closed: March 8.28; May 8.53; July 8.72; October 8.91; December 9.14.

Exports of Cotton Yesterday Exceeded Receipts at Ports by 100,000 Bales—Record Week.

New Orleans, Feb. 1.—Shipments of cotton from ports today were over 100,000 bales larger than receipts, totaling 155,447 against 55,249 received. Foreign shipments aggregated 136,493 bales.

These figures gave strength to predictions that this will be the record week for exports thus far this season just as the shipments today made a new record.

Bulls predict that the export movement for February will be over 150,000 bales, or about 200,000 bales larger than January exports. This forecast is based on the large freight bookings, the continued spot demand and the piling up of stocks at the ports, although port stocks lost 85,223 bales today, being reduced to 9,320,900.

In some quarters it was predicted that the height of the export movement will not come until March. Shippers now are paying \$1.75 a bale for room for Rotterdam and all available bales are being pressed into the cotton trade.

The total amount of cotton on shipboard at all ports on the week-end was 519,233 bales, breaking all records. Over ten million bales of the crop already have been marketed and many local traders think the remainder of the crop may be sold more easily than was the first ten million bales.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Lilly (Swed.), 1,087 tons, from Tenerife, Henry Whyte, agent.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

Str. Matilda Weems, Hall, Baltimore, Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Co.

Clear.

Str. Matilda Weems, Hall, Georgetown, Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Co.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 1.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Nominal.

TAR—Firm, \$1.50 per barrel; 7c. per gallon.

Quotations same day last year.

Spirits turpentine, steady; 47c; rosin firm, 33.50; tar firm, 32.50-10; crude turpentine, 33.50, 32.50, 32.50.

Spirits turpentine 47c

Rosin 33.50

Crude turpentine 32.50

Receipts same day last year. Spirits turpentine, 3 casks; rosin, 2 barrels; tar, 1 barrel; crude turpentine, 4 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot, middling, quiet, at 8.4; last year, nominal.

Receipts, 1,871 bales; same day last year, 1,251 bales.

Total receipts since September 1, to date, 121,406 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 337,787 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Atlantic Coast Line—1,542 bales cotton; 2 barrels rosin; 142 barrels tar; 9 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—248 bales cotton; 199 barrels tar.

Str. Lathrop—1 bales cotton.

Total—1,897 bales cotton; 2 barrels rosin; 141 barrels tar; 9 casks spirits turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 30.)

CORN—\$2.10 per sack.

PEAS—Black eyed peas, \$2.50 per bu.; cow peas, market not open.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 50¢/55¢ per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 60¢/75¢ per bu.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7¢/9c; good sales.

PORK—Small, 8¢/10c per lb. SHEEP—Out of season.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c; black wool, 18 to 17c; first-class white wool, 21c; 20¢/22c per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c; dry flints, 15c per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Old hams, 20c; sides and shoulders, 15c lb.; very dull; no sales.

BEEFWAX—Firm, 25c per lb.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 40¢/45¢. Spring, 15¢/30c per head; very dull. Turkeys, 15¢/18c per lb.; very dull.

EGGS—26¢/27c per doz., very dull; prices expected to go lower.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Jan. 30.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market, firm; new crop, fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1 machine picked, 60c per bu.

Virginia Peanuts—Steady. New crop Jumbos, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1 machine picked, 50c per bu.

Spanish Peanuts—Steady. New crop, No. 1 small, machine picked, 75c; Jumbos, 65c per bu. All receipts, heavier.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., January 28.—Spanish: Farmers' stock, market firm, 55c per bu.

Virginia—Farmers' stock, market firm. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. per lb. Fancy hand-picked, 3 1/2c. per lb. Extra prime, 3 1/2c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 3c. per lb.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, February 1.—Cotton goods and yarns were quiet and steady today. Raw silk was quiet with a slightly easing tendency. Dress goods were opened for Fall by large corporations.

Copper Reaches Highest Point Since War Began—Pennsylvania Issue Overvalued.

New York, Feb. 1.—An advance in the price of finished products by one of the chief subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation, another rise in copper metal to the highest price since the outbreak of the war, and success attending the public offering of the Pennsylvania Railroad's \$45,000,000 4 1/2 per cent bonds which were oversubscribed, were favorable factors in today's market. Stocks rose one to two points over last Saturday's final quotations, but dealings were somewhat contracted.

United States Steel early declined to its new minimum of 35, made partial recovery and then after announcement of the higher prices scheduled by the Carnegie Steel Company, made steady upward progress, selling at 46, and carrying the entire list to its best prices of the day.

All the metal shares responded to the new high copper price which was assisted by an increased foreign inquiry. United States Steel, preferred, which sold at a dividend of 1 1/4 per cent, was inclined to ease off early but made more than full recovery later. Money for all dates again was in free supply, open rates being notably unchanged, but actually easier in special instances. London and all continental exchange was firmer, with a cessation of the recent demand for cables and drafts.

Earnings of the Pennsylvania system for December were unfavorable, Eastern lines losing \$1,241,000 net and Western lines \$667,000. St. Paul decreased \$723,000. Missouri Pacific \$359,000, and Atlantic Coast Line \$319,000.

Bonds were firm, reflecting the inquiry for the new Pennsylvania issue. Total sales, par value, aggregated \$1,483,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper 54 1/4

American Agricultural 45 1/4

American Can 29

American Car and Foundry 45 1/4

American Cities, pfd offered

American Express 15 1/4

American Smelting 62 1/4

American Sugar 11 1/4

American Tel and Tel 120 1/4

American Tobacco 23 1/4

Atlantic Coast Line 10 1/4

Atlantic Coast Line, ex. div. 2 1/2 @ 70 1/4

Canadian Pacific 159 1/4

Central Leather 34 1/4

Chenapape and Ohio 42 1/4

Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul 38 1/4

Erle 23

General Electric 143

Great Northern, pfd 115 1/4

Illinois Central 109 1/4

Interborough-Met. 53 1/4

Kansas City Southern 23

Lehigh Valley 137 1/4

Louisville and Nashville 117 1/4

Liggett and Myers 125 1/4

Lovell and Co. 180 1/4

Missouri, Kansas and Texas 11 1/4

Missouri Pacific 12 1/4

Mexican Petroleum 7 1/4

New York Central 90 1/4

N. Y. N. H. and Hartford 42 1/4

Norfolk and Western 102 1/4

Northern Pacific 104 1/4

Pennsylvania (ex. div. 1 1/4) 106 1/4

Reading 147 1/4

Republic Steel 123 1/4

Rep. Iron and Steel, pfd 44 1/4

Rock Island Co. 13 1/4

Rock Island Co., pfd 13 1/4

St. L. and San Fran. 2nd pfd 3 1/4

Seaboard Air Line 14 1/4

Seaboard Air Line, ex. div. 1 1/4 @ 10 1/4

Sloss-Sherfield Steel and Iron 27

Southern Pacific 8 1/4

Southern Railway, pfd 16 1/4

Tennessee Copper 30 1/4

Texas Co. 13 1/4

Texas and Pacific 11 1/4

United Pacific 120 1/4

United States Steel 40

U. S. Steel, pfd, (ex. div. 1 1/4) 103 1/4

Utah Copper 18 1/4

Virginia-Car. Chem 21

Western Union 63 1/4

Bethlehem Steel 49 1/4

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Hogs—Unsettled; closed a shade higher. Bulk, 6.75@6.90; light, 6.85@6.90; mixed, 6.65@6.90; heavy, 6.45@6.90; rough, 6.40@6.90; pigs, 5.50@6.45.

Cattle—Strong; native steers, 6.50@7.25; western, 5.00@6.30; cows and heifers, 3.10@5.00; calves, 7.00@10.50.

Sheep—Unsettled. Sheep, 6.00@6.85; yearlings, 7.10@8.00; lambs, 7.40@8.85.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Feb. 1.—Turpentine, firm, 44¢; sales, 35,075. Shipments, 44¢; stocks, 50,075.

Rosin—K to W W, dull; A to L firm; sales, 181; receipts, 1,172; shipments, 167; stocks, 187,432. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

WOOD'S Seed Potatoes

are specially grown for seed purposes, in the best potato-producing sections in this country, and are much superior to stocks ordinarily sold. All the best and most productive varieties.

Irish Cobbler.

Eureka Extra Early.

Improved Early Ohio.

Extra Early Sunlight.

Bliss Triumph.

and all other standard kinds.

"WOOD'S CROP SPECIAL," giving prices and cultural information about the best methods of planting potatoes for profitable results, mailed free on request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, SEEDSMEN, - Richmond, Va.

Wood's Descriptive Catalog for 1915, telling about all Farm and Garden Seeds, free on request. Write for it.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

February 2, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 6

COTTON FARMERS URGED TO OCURTAL

Continued From Page One

Gilliam—Appoint Justices of the peace in Edgecombe county.

Chatham—Amend the charter of the Winston-Salem Children's Home, so as to increase the holding capacity of the institution in the matter of donations of large amounts to the maintenance or endowment of the Home.

Johnson—Amend the law as to the fees for the jailer in Duplin county.

McKee—Incorporation of The Rural Credits Union, and providing for a division of Rural Credits in the State Department of Agriculture, the superintendent of which would devote his time to the education of the farmers of the State to the utilization of the advantages of the system to the fullest extent.

Johnson—Incorporate Beulahville, Duplin county. Provide good roads in Kenansville township, Duplin county.

Dixon—Authorize bonds by Gastonia for graded school purposes.

Jones—Amend the act relative to the improvement of roads in Lincoln county.

Ward—Amend the law relative to the clerical and stenographical allowances of Justices of the Supreme Court, so as to enable the Justices to have the assistance of a law clerk each.

Gardner—Change the term of the sheriff of Cleveland county. Amend the law as to the court stenographer in the Sixteenth district.

Davis—Authorize a special tax by Burke county commissioners to pay off the public debt.

Jones—Provide revenue for road building in Lincoln county.

McNeely (by request)—Limit the number of cars on railroad trains in North Carolina.

Passed Third Reading.
Bills passed final reading in Lincoln county.

Amend the law as to the killing of calves for veal in Alexander county.

Joint resolution relative to sanitary conditions.

The bill to amend the public laws of 1913, relative to vital statistics so as to curtail the time allowed for reporting births and deaths from ten days to five days, and require reports to the State Department every month instead of every three months, came up and was discussed at some length, and then left open for consideration another day.

Additional bills passed:
Regulate the practice of medicine by allowing medical students credit for college examinations on certain side studies, when they come to their examinations before the State board of examiners for license. Also providing that the State Attorney General investigate alleged violations of the State medical laws, and direct solicitors to prosecute.

Create office of auditor for Pasquotank county and put county officers on salaries.

Amend the Perquimans county game laws.

The House resolution for the curtailment of the 1915 cotton crop at least 50 per cent, compared with the 1914 crop. This was passed without discussion.

Resolutions of greeting to Virginia, Tennessee, Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico and California and Arizona, on the completion of the Southern National Highway and requesting the Federal government to co-operate in the maintenance of this highway.

It was ordered on motion of Senator McKee that copies of the bill for the creation of the division of Rural Credits in the State Department of Agriculture be printed.

The Senate adjourned to 11 o'clock Tuesday.

THE HOUSE PROCEEDINGS

The House was convened by Speaker Wooten. There were a large number of petitions from various sections of the State urging the passage of the State Anti-Saloon League bills against importations of liquor for beverage purposes and for prohibiting the manufacture and sale of malt used in illicit distilling; also petitions as to Farmers' Union measures for the benefit of the farmers of the State.

The House granted indefinite leave of absence for Representative Battle, of Nash, on account of illness, and Representative Williams, of Yadkin, because of sickness in his family.

New Bills Introduced.
Brummitt—Prescribe a rural credit system for North Carolina as a division in the State Department of Agriculture.

Thomas—Validate certain probates by notaries in Anson county.

Gibbs—For the relief of an exsheriff of Swain county.

Walden—Authorize a special tax for a county home in Alexander county.

Hanes—Provide for the election of a member of the Forsyth county highway commission in Forsyth county.

Pratt—Amend the charter of Mount Holly, Gaston county.

Grant—Appoint Justices of the peace in Onslow county.

McBryde—Require certain reports of Hoke county officers.

Clark—Provide for a stock law election in Bladen county.

Capehart—Permit the election of the chief of police in Aulander.

Smith, of Wake—Authorize a special tax for school purposes in Buckhorn township, Wake county.

Mauney—Establish Cherryville graded school district and issue bonds.

Alred—Amend the charters of the towns of Smithfield and Benson.

Valentine—Ratify a \$25,000 bond issue in Henderson county.

Nettles, of Buncombe—Protest employees (a woman's compensation bill). Three hundred copies ordered printed.

Pure—Amend the charter of Greensboro College for women.

Boat—Amend the Stanley county road law. Prevent the use of slot or

How To Eradicate
All Superfluous Hair
Advice by a Skin Specialist.

The best means have ever found for removing all signs of disturbing growths of hair on the face, neck, arms, or hands, is a new preparation called Mrs. Osgood's Wonder. I have recommended it in thousands of cases, and I know personally of its ability to banish every hair forever. It cannot injure the skin or complexion, and is quite inexpensive.

You can get Mrs. Osgood's Wonder from J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., or any up-to-date druggist. Signed money-back Guarantee with every package. Do not apply this treatment except where total destruction of hair is desired.

chance machines in Stanley. Incorporate Oakboro, Stanley county.

Killian—Amend the law as to drainage districts in Catawba county.

Galloway—Authorize bond election in Pitt county.

Killian, of Clay—Relief of Ex-Sheriff White, of Clay county.

Barco—Regulate pay of jurors in Camden county.

Long, of Halifax—Two bills validating certain acts of notaries in Halifax county. Allow officers and witnesses full fees in cases in which defendants are convicted and sentenced to county roads in Halifax county. Protect game in North Carolina.

Brown—Appoint certain magistrates in Rowan county.

Among the roll call bills that passed second reading was one authorizing Mecklenburg county to fund its indebtedness and provide for county jail, bridges and for other purposes.

Passed Third Reading.
Bills passed final reading in the House as follows:

Authorize a special tax in Lincoln county.

Amend the charter of Salisbury.

Authorize a \$40,000 bond issue by Wilkes county.

Amend the law as to health in Johnston county.

Make debts due and payable in Hartford, Avery, Union and Lincoln counties on the disposal of any part of the security by the debtor. This was concurrence in a Senate amendment.

Place the officers of Robeson county on a salary basis.

Amend the charter of High Point.

Amend the laws as to government of abatement of actions.

There was much discussion of the bill by Representative Hutchinson to require the purchasers at sales to pay the purchase price to the clerks of the courts. It passed second reading and was withheld from third reading because of the absence of Representative Hutchinson.

A bill to change the name of the North Carolina Optical society and the method of the examination of applicants for licenses passed second reading but was held up to another day for final passage.

The bill designed to amend the law as to second and subsequent sales of mortgaged property was explained and championed by Representative Thomas who explained it as providing that when a mortgage or deed of trust is purchased by an executor or in case of a real estate public sale the deal shall not be closed for ten days and 10 per cent, increased bids shall have the effect of requiring a resale as in the first instance, sales involving over \$500 to require only 5 per cent, increase on bids to call for second sale. After some discussion in which Representative Valentine and Small expressed fear as to the effect of such a law and insistence by Representative Brummitt that it was a meritorious bill, it was ordered to the calendar.

Investigation to be made by Representative Doughton, who thought it might be found on investigation to be a deserving measure.

The House adjourned to 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

LONDON PREPARES
FOR AIR RAID THAT
FAILS TO ARRIVE

(Continued From Page One.)
night by the war office was as follows: "The night of January 31-February 1, was very quiet. In the morning of February 1, the enemy made a violent attack on our trenches to the north of the road between Bethune and La-Bassee. The attack was repulsed and the Germans left a number of dead on the field."

"At Beaumont-hamel, to the north of Albert, the German infantry attempted a surprise against one of our trenches, but they were obliged to take flight, abandoning the explosives with which they had been provided."

"In the Argonne there has been great activity in the regions of Fontaine Madame and the Forest of Ladurrie. An attack by the Germans has been repelled by bagatelle. One of our trenches, demolished by two mines, was evacuated without loss."

"In the Vosges and in Alsace there is no action to report. The snow fall has been very abundant."

BY WIRELESS FROM BERLIN.
Germans Claim Successes at Some Points; Nothing Doing Elsewhere.

Berlin, Feb. 1. (By wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The official statement issued today by the German general headquarters says:

"In the western war theatre there is nothing important to report."

"On the East Prussian frontier, nothing new occurred."

"To the southwest of Mlava, north of the Vistula river (Northern Poland) the Russians gained further ground."

"To the south of the Pilica river (in Southern Poland) the German attacks were renewed."

Much Activity in Russian Poland and West Galicia.

Petrograd, via London, Feb. 1.—The following official statement was given out tonight:

"Owing to the favorable weather conditions, there was much military activity yesterday in Russian Poland and West Galicia. Local successes were attained at many points."

"New Russian attacks west of Lupkow Pass, Carpathians, were repulsed. We captured five officers, 800 two cannon and two machine guns, in an engagement on a wooded mountain ridge."

"Nothing of importance has occurred in Bukovina. In the Southern theatre the situation is unchanged."

FRANK'S CASE ADVANCED.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The Supreme Court today advanced Leo M. Frank's habeas corpus appeal for oral argument to February 13th on joint request of counsel for Frank and the state of Georgia.

Washington, Feb. 1.—C. Wheeler Manum, sheriff of Fulton county, Georgia, appeared in Supreme Court today to make answer to the notice of appeal by Leo M. Frank, in his habeas corpus proceedings. Frank is committed to the custody of the sheriff.

It was explained that formal appearance to the appeal notice was usually made by the attorneys for the state, but the sheriff said he wanted no dereliction of duty charged to him.

GERMANS MAKE FURIOUS ATTACK.
Desperate Effort to Pierce English Lines is Repulsed.

Paris, Feb. 1.—On Friday and Saturday nights the Germans again made furious attacks on the French positions at Givenchy-Les-Bassee and

APPLY SULPHUR LIKE A COLD CREAM WHEN SKIN BREAKS OUT SAYS SULPHUR WILL END ITCHING ECZEMA

In the treatment of the various forms of itchy skin, such as eczema, itching, burning and inflammatory affections of the skin, eczema such as Acne, Ringworm, Salt, While not always establishing a permanent cure, yet in every instance it takes the place of hold-sulphur cream, it stops the agonizing itching.

It effects such prompt relief, even in the aggravated eczema, that it is a damned raw skin right up and it is often never-ending source of amazement to years later before any eczema eruption again appears.

For years hold-sulphur has occupied a secure position in the treatment of any good pharmacist an ounce of hold-sulphur eruptions by reason of its sulphur cream and apply it directly cooling, paralyzing, soothing, upon the abrasion like an ordinary cold. Bold-sulphur is not only parasiticidal, cream. It isn't unpleasant and the but antipruritic and antiseptic, there prompt relief afforded is very welcome.

Culnehy, says a Havas dispatch from St. Omer, in Northwestern France. The Germans tried desperately to pierce the English lines, the message adds, but after violent bayonet struggles the Scotch Highlanders drove them back with great loss.

RUSSIANS OCCUPY TABRIZ

Says Communication From Army Staff In the Caucasus.

Petrograd, Feb. 1.—The Russians officially announced the occupation of Tabriz, Persia, in a communication from the staff of the army in the Caucasus. The official statement says: "In the fighting below Tabriz the Turks lost four field guns, provisions, munitions and many prisoners. Having been cut off from Tabriz and suffered heavy losses they took to flight. On January 30 we occupied Tabriz."

"Other fronts are without material change."

GRAIN FROM ROMANIA

German Government Arranges for Large Quantities, Says Report.

Berlin, Feb. 1. (By wireless via London).—It is semi-officially reported from Bucharest that Romania is to supply Germany by prearrangement large quantities of grain, transportation for which is to be furnished by Germany.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Secretary Garrison tonight made public a letter he had addressed to Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the Senate military committee, sharply objecting to characterization of pending administration bills to strengthen the army as "piecemeal" legislation. The letter declared that unless Congress provided the trained personnel to man the new coast defense guns might as well be dismantled.

Washington, Feb. 1.—A bill to separate white and negroes on passenger vehicles in the District of Columbia was favorably reported today to the House. The committee report says that the bill is designed to remove the race on street cars and that the proposed law would add to the comfort of each.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Federal Reserve agents who are government's representatives at the 12 reserve banks, met today with the Reserve Board and discussed the currency and bank work. The agents are expected to spend several days here and will devote much of their attention to questions of handling Federal Reserve notes.

NEAR DEATH BY SMOTHERING

But Husband, With Aid of Cardui, Effects Her Deliverance.

Draper, N. C.—Mrs. Helen Dalton, of this place, says: "I suffered for years, with pains in my left side, and would often almost smother to death."

Medicines patched me up for awhile but then I would get worse again. Finally, my husband decided he wanted me to try Cardui, the woman's tonic, so he bought me a bottle and I began using it. It did me more good than all the medicines I had taken."

I have induced many of my friends to try Cardui, and they all say they have been benefited by its use. There never has been, and never will be, a medicine to compare with Cardui. I believe it is a good medicine for all womanly troubles."

For over 50 years, Cardui has been relieving women's sufferings and building weak women up to health and strength. If you are a woman, give it a fair trial. It should surely help you, as it has a million others.

Get a bottle of Cardui to-day.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. N. C. 138

Various Forms Of Headache

"It is necessary in order to treat headaches properly to understand the causes which produce the affection," says Dr. J. W. Ray of Boston, Mass.

He says: "Physicians cannot even begin the treatment of a disease without knowing what causes give rise to it, and we must remember that headache is a result of some other disease, and we must endeavor to counteract the cause which produces the headache, but we must also give a remedy to relieve the pain until the cause of trouble has been removed. To answer this purpose Anti-Kamnia Tablets will be found a most convenient and satisfactory remedy."

One tablet every two to three hours gives comfort and rest in the most severe cases of headache, neuritis and particularly the headaches of women."

When we have patient subject to regular attacks of sick headache, we should caution him to keep his bowels regular, for which nothing is better than "Actoids," and when he feels the least sign of an oncoming attack, he should take two A-K Tablets. Such patients should always be instructed to carry a few Anti-Kamnia Tablets, so as to have them ready for instant use. These tablets are prompt producers of relief in a very few minutes. Ask for A-K Tablets.

Anti-Kamnia Tablets can be obtained at all druggists.

REWARD

Lost, strayed or stolen: One Pointer Dog, tan color; also one brown Pointer Pup. Phone 339, or call at 214 South Main Building, for reward.

EAT AT THE DIXIE CAFE AND GET fat. Regular meals, twenty-five cents. Short orders at lowest prices possible. Satisfaction guaranteed. Try us once and you will come again. fe2-74

ATTENTION, MEMBERS OF CAFE Fear Lodge, No. 2, I. O. O. F.—You are urgently requested to attend meeting tonight to consider a matter for the good of the order. Jas. T. Riley, Sec'y. fe2-11*

"THE FARMER" — KEITH'S HIGH-Grade Agricultural Lime solves your potash question. Good for all crops. Accomplishes same results as expensive potash fertilizer at half cost of guano. Composed of sea products, petrified shells, clams, oysters, fish and all sea deposits. This lime, with cotton seed meal, little available acid, will make finest crops. Builds up soil. Have enlarged plant and are able to sell in bulk or sacked for cash at about half former price. Low freight rate on agricultural lime. Agricultural colleges and Experiment stations recommending lime. For prices and further information, write B. F. Keith Company, Newbern, N. C. ja26-tu-44

MECHANICS' HOME ASSOCIATION — New series, B. and L. stock. W. M. Cumming, Sec'y. de31-th,fsa,tu,w-ff

PUBLIC SERVICE — COMMERCIAL printing, letter heads, envelopes, etc. Expert typesetting and stenographic work. Notaries Public. Multigraph letters, circulars and forms. Harris Typewriting & Advertising Co. ja26-tu-44

NEW SERIES B. & L. STOCK, JANUARY 2nd, 1915. Mechanics' Home Association. Walker Taylor, president; W. M. Cumming, secretary. P. S. — This Series is still open. ja28-th,fsa,m,tu,w-ff

WANTED—WILLING TO BUY SOME established retail business in city, with good reputation. "A. R." Box 971, City. ja30-21*

RUBBER STAMPS, ENGRAVING, OF-fee supplies. "We excel." Christman Stamp Works, Phone 943, Tylman building. ja30-21

WORLD ALMANAC NOW ON SALE, 30 cents. at Gordon Bros., 11 Princess street; Phone 745. We deliver anywhere you want. ja28-11

FOR RENT — NICE FURNISHED front room. Right downtown. Modern conveniences. Phone 174, or call at 316 North Second street. ja17-11

AUTO, TIRE REPAIR CO. — VULCANIZING, repairing, guaranteed. Retreading a specialty. If you are looking for the right price, see us. 213 North Second street. de2-11

FOR PLUMBING, METAL WORK, HOT air and steam heating. See Capra Griffith Plumbing Co. Ladies and gentlemen come to see our show room, 109 North Second street. no 25-11

CALL 1062 FOR OYSTERS FOR TODAY. Eggs and sweet potatoes. Tripp Grocery, No. 6 Market street. fe2-11*

FOR SALE — A NEAT LITTLE FIVE-room bungalow, just completed, at Winter Park Garden, on nice large lot, convenient to station and within short distance of school. Only a small cash payment required; balance, terms to suit. D. R. Foster & Co., agents. fe2-11

HAMS — SHAFER HAMS, 10c POUND; Shaffer Boneless Bacon, 20c lb.; large celery, 10c and 15c stalk; large, fresh eggs, 3 dozen, \$1; 5-pound can Hygela coffee, \$1.25; best flour, 12-lb. sack, 45c, cash only, today, at C. H. Bornemann's; Phone 853. fe2-11*

WANTED — BOARD AND TWO ROOMS for lady and gentlemen. State price and location. Address G. W. C., care Star office. fe2-6*

THE RURAL BUILDING AND LOAN Association will open the 28th Series Saturday, February 6th, 1915. Remember the date. R. C. DeRosier, president; J. Holmes Davis, vice-president; James Owen Kelly, secretary and treasurer. fe2-6t

A COMFORTABLE FRONT ROOM on Market street, for rent at \$7.50 per month. An attractive location. Phone 1596-J. fe2-11

FOR RENT — COTTAGE 922 SOUTH Front street, \$18; Por Rent: Two-story residence, 419 South Fourth, \$18.00. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent. fe2-ex,mu-tf

REDUCED PRICE OF MILK, ON and after February 1st, the price of Echo Farm milk will be 12-1-2 cents per quart; sweet cream, 60 cents per quart; buttermilk, 8 cents per quart, or 30 cents per gallon; skim milk, 20c per gallon, and fresh butter, 40c per pound. A. O. McEachern, Phone 914. fe2-21*

FOR SALE — TWO NICE LARGE LOTS facing Highwood, on shell road; 70x250 each. A bargain for someone, if sold at once. J. W. Watson; Phone 72. fe2-11

WANTED — TO SELL, HARD WOOD mixed with real dry pine, cut stove length, \$1 per load; also oak and ash, mixed with pine, cut and split, length, \$1.25, delivered. Phone 818. fe2-11*

WANTED — FIVE OR SIX GENTLEMEN to board in private family. Terms very reasonable. Apply 111 Walnut street. fe2-11*

FOR RENT — AT ONCE, AND REASONABLE — one furnished or unfurnished large front room with porch. Gentlemen preferred. Call at No. 60 Carolina Apartment. All modern conveniences. fe2-11

MR. JOHN TAYLOR, FORMERLY with J. E. Howell, has accepted a position with the O. K. Barber Shop, No. 22 Princess street, where he will be glad to have his friends call. ja31-7t

IF IT IS SUIT CASES AND THINGS, see Uncle Charles, before you buy. No. 4 South Front street, or Phone 642. ja2-11

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK
SECURITY
4%
SERVICE
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ATLANTIC TRUST & BANKING COMPANY

FRONT AND MARKET STS., WILMINGTON, N. C.

A Growing Savings Account is a Strength in the Time of Trouble.

Do you put by some part of your salary each pay-day?

We pay 4 per cent. interest. — It Helps.

MILTON CALDER, President
J. G. L. GIESCHKE, Vice-President
THOS. E. COOPER, Vice-President
R. L. HENLEY, Cashier

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ADVANCES ON COTTON

Some Little Storage Space Left.

Reasonable Advances will be made on Good Grades, even down to Low Middling.

Write Us.

W. B. Cooper and Company

COTTON MERCHANTS WILMINGTON, N. C.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our catalogs for "Spring Goods" have been thoroughly revised, and the Best Prices Obtainable can be had from us, by purchasing your "Spring Goods" before it is too late—when prices have advanced.

J.